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1	BEFORE THE ARIZON	A CORPORATIC.
2	IN THE MATTER OF THE APPLICATION OF ARIZONA PU) BLTC)
3		RING) DOCKET NO. E-01345A-08-0172
4	OF THE UTILITY PROPERTY O THE COMPANY FOR RATEMAKIN	F)
5		ND) SPECIAL OPEN MEETING
6	THEREON, AND TO APPROVE R SCHEDULES DESIGNED TO DEV	ATE) PUBLIC COMMENT
7	SUCH RETURN.)
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9	At: Flagstaff, Arizo	na AZ CORP COM
10	Date: August 3, 2009	司
11	Filed: August 17, 2009	
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17	Arizona Corporation Commission	
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1	BE IT REMEMBERED that the above-entitled and
2	numbered matter came on regularly, to be heard before the
3	Arizona Corporation Commission at County Board of
4	Supervisors Conference Room, Administrative Center,
5	219 East Cherry, Flagstaff, Arizona, commencing at
6	6:00 p.m., on the 3rd day of August, 2009.
7	
8	BEFORE:
9	KRISTIN K. MAYES, Chairman
10	GARY PIERCE, Commissioner SANDRA D. KENNEDY, Commissioner
11	BOB STUMP, Commissioner
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17	KATHERINE A. McNALLY Reporter
18	Keporter
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1	(Proceedings commenced at 6:00 p.m.)
2	CHMN. MAYES: Okay. Let's get going.
3	Folks, if we could go ahead and get started.
4	I'm Kris Mayes. I'm the chairman of the
5	Arizona Corporation Commission. Welcome.
6	If you haven't filled out a public comment
7	slip, please do.
8	Has everybody that wants to speak filled out a
9	public comment slip? No? Yes? Okay. Great.
10	Well, welcome to the public comments.
11	Commissioner Pierce, would you like to make
12	a
13	COM. PIERCE: Sure. You know, it's it's
14	great to be here when it's so hot down in Phoenix. But as
15	I was pointing out to a few people, actually Matt Ryan is
16	my supervisor on my my second home, which is is in
17	Forest Lakes, which is barely in Coconino County. And
18	and in my iPhone, I keep track of the weather there. And
19	my and my iPhone says it's going to rain every day, and
20	usually in the early afternoon. And and so it's
21	it's great weather. I get a we got a little bit of
22	rain, coming up.
23	So it's good to be here at this time, when
24	your when your, hopefully, your bills with your utility
25	aren't so high, we're feeling it immensely down in

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- Maricopa. So enjoy this. I know it's going to transcend 1 into different weather here in a few months. 2 3 But it is truly a pleasure to represent you here at the Arizona Corporation Commission. 4 5 We've been seeing a lot of rate cases. Rate 6 cases don't seem to stop just because the economy gets 7 soft. Because what happened is the utilities, because of those periods of growth, invested in a lot of 8 infrastructure which now they look to get into a rate 9 10 case, and those things have nothing to do with the 11 economy. They have everything to do with what growth was 12 doing at the time and what they were building for and what the -- what the Commission had expected them to build 13 14 for. Because, obviously, we didn't want to have 15 brown-outs or blackouts in the electricity or other problems with water utilities, with natural gas utilities, 16 17 et cetera. So that's been something we've had to deal with because we are seeing a lot of rate cases during this 18 down economic -- these down economical times and that. 19 20 But I wanted you to be aware that we're sensitive to that, I think. And we're trying to make sure 21 22 the utilities are sensitive to that, even though they may have a right to get these infrastructure projects into 23
- Thank you.

rate cases.

1	CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Commissioner Pierce.
2	Commissioner Stump, did you have a comment to
3	make?
4	COM. STUMP: Yes. Thanks, Madame Chair.
5	I would just echo what Commissioner Pierce
6	said. You know, I think in these difficult economic
7	times, it's more important than ever that we get out of
8	the office, hit the road, and listen to your concerns. As
9	many of you know, because we sit as judges we're not
10	really allowed to offer our opinions tonight about the two
11	matters before us, but in any event we are here to listen
12	this evening, first and foremost. And I know I speak for
13	my colleagues when I say we take what you say very
14	seriously.
15	And it's really a pleasure to be up here, not
16	only due to the heat, but I was able to kill two birds
17	with one stone and visit my my mother in Show Low on
18	the way up and overeat for the past two days.
19	So I'm I'm delighted to be here, and very
20	well fed, so
21	CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Commissioner Stump.
22	And Commissioner Kennedy is here as well,
23	Sandra Kennedy.
24	COM. KENNEDY: Thank you. Thank you, Madame
25	Chairman.

1	Please excuse my tardiness. It's not that I
2	was lost. I've been here plenty of times, but I had
3	another meeting and thought we had enough time to get
4	here.
5	But it is indeed a pleasure to be here with
6	each and every one of you this evening. And thank you so
7	much for giving us your time to come out and express your
8	feelings about the rate case. I will listen very
9	attentively. And again, thank you.
10	CHMN. MAYES: Thank you.
11	And I would agree with the comments of my
12	colleagues.
13	You know, there's never been a time or a case
14	that calls out for more scrutiny than the ones we are here
15	to hear from you about. And I can promise you this, the
16	Commissioners will turn over every stone and look at every
17	issue in this case, as we decide whether to approve the
18	rate increase request that we have in front of us.
19	And we do know that APS's rate increase request
20	comes at the worst possible time for consumers. It's
21	difficult out there, and we have to be extremely sensitive
22	to that fact.
23	And there are a number as most of you know,
24	there are a number of very big issues in this case having

to do with not just rate increases but also energy

- 1 efficiency and renewable energy, and where we go as a
- 2 state in terms of our energy future. So we'll be looking
- 3 at those issues very closely.
- I want to probably just let people know also
- 5 that the commissioners will all be attending the hearings
- 6 in this case. And the hearings will occur in August --
- 7 which you are all welcome to come down and attend, if you
- 8 really want to come to Phoenix in August, but -- but
- 9 you're very welcome to come.
- 10 You can also listen to the hearings in both
- 11 Unisource and the APS case, online. So if you want to
- 12 stay out of the heat, that's no problem.
- And the commissioners attend those hearings.
- 14 We are -- the hearings are overseen by Administrative Law
- 15 Judges, but we often go to the hearings. Some of us write
- 16 letters into the docket with questions.
- I've written two -- well, as of tomorrow, I
- 18 will have written two letters in the APS case. And we ask
- 19 a lot of questions of the parties who are put under oath,
- 20 and they testify just like they would in a -- in a regular
- 21 court case. So it's very much like a trial, and these
- 22 cases are put on with evidence.
- Real quickly, I want everybody to know that, as
- 24 I've said, I'll be asking a lot of questions. As I did in
- 25 the last APS rate case, I will be asking questions about

what APS is doing to tighten its own belt at this time 1 when it's asking its ratepayers to pay more. 2 3 asking how this proposed rate increase will impact 4 Arizonans in this difficult economy. I'll be asking what 5 measures APS will adopt for its customers to help them 6 shield themselves from these rate increases, including 7 energy efficiency measures. And I'll be asking about 8 whether we ought to be doing more to create a -- a more 9 sustainable energy future for our state. 10 So it's going to be a -- a very lengthy hearing, and hopefully it will produce a lot of good 11 12 information, both for the commissioners and for you. 13 What I'll do is I'll start with -- I've got 14 public comment slips for both APS and UNS Gas. What I'll 15 do is I'm going to start with APS, if it's okay with my 16 colleagues, then go to Unisource. But if you want to 17 speak to both cases that's fine too. Just let me -- just 18 speak on both cases while you're up at the podium. 19 problem. 20 And then for the court reporter -- we have a 21 court reporter here transcribing every word that is said 22 for -- for all of us as a record in the case, but also for 23 our one commissioner who is not here today, Commissioner

Newman, who had to be away at a training session.

you could speak slowly, so she can get down every word.

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1 And that would be helpful. 2 COM. PIERCE: Madam Chairman, can I --3 We'll start -- yes, Commissioner CHMN. MAYES: Pierce? 4 5 COM. PIERCE: And one other thing, I wanted to 6 make sure, because I see the Residential Utility Consumer 7 Office who represents residents -- is charged by the State to represent folks who are residential users, they're -- a 8 member of their office is right there in the front row --9 10 he can raise his hand -- and so he's taking notes here. 11 And they actually intervene on behalf of all residential users because often residential users don't 12 13 have the high-priced attorneys that other intervenors 14 might have. And so they have a fleet of attorneys and 15 accountants and auditors that do -- that look at these 16 cases, and they're here. 17 And I think, Chairman, I don't know -- I don't 18 know how many we have. 19 Typically, we like to have you try to wrap 20 things up in three minutes, but I don't know -- we have so 21 many -- many that you can't take a little bit longer. But 22 if you'd just be cognizant of everyone around you. 23 And if you decide you want to speak during 24 this -- all of a sudden you go, Oh, I want to speak, just

go fill out the little form. They'll pass it to us and

- 1 you'll be able to speak. Thank you.
- 2 CHMN. MAYES: Yeah. I think we'll go a little
- 3 longer than three minutes. We have plenty of time. We'll
- 4 start with APS.
- 5 Actually, I wanted to first call up Supervisor
- 6 Carl Taylor, who is here. Thank you, very much,
- 7 Supervisor, for being here.
- 8 And if there are any other elected officials in
- 9 the room, I apologize. I don't see you, but if you're
- 10 here, raise your hand.
- 11 Supervisor?
- SUPERVISOR TAYLOR: Well, I won't use my three
- 13 minutes.
- But I wanted to welcome you. I'm very happy to
- 15 see you here. And I'm very grateful for your service.
- 16 This is very important work you do.
- We're also pleased to offer you cool weather,
- and hopefully a little rain, although we're behind
- 19 normal.
- I did want to say that in this region we're
- 21 very interested in sustainability and renewable energy.
- We're struggling mightily to get renewable energy
- 23 projects, and we realize that there are important economic
- 24 considerations. And when you're starting an industry it's
- 25 really difficult to compete with cheaper sources of energy

1	from somewhere else.
2	But anything you can do, both to increase the
3	expectations of renewable energy, as well as putting into
4	place issues such as community impact and economic
5	development impact that should be taken into account as
6	well as the bottom line, we very much appreciate.
7	I also wanted to acknowledge that both with APS
8	and with Unisource, they are important community leaders
9	here. I have no comments to make on the rate cases. But
10	I will say that they've been very good to work with. They
11	provide important leadership, and they've been very
12	willing to try to work with us on finding ways to be
13	creative, so I wanted to acknowledge that.
14	But anyway, thank you, very much, and I
15	appreciate the opportunity to speak here.
16	CHMN. MAYES: Thank you. And Supervisor
17	Taylor, could you just for maybe the benefit of my
18	colleagues, briefly describe your sustainability efforts
19	and the efforts you've made to try to put together a
20	consortium that would buy renewable energy.
21	SUPERVISOR TAYLOR: I can. We have an
22	organization in the region called Sustainable Economic
23	Development Initiative. And that is a collaboration of
24	the county, most of the cities in the region, green

businesses, the educational entities.

1	We're quite active in a number of areas. And
2	we have a number of projects we're working on, that if we
3	pulled them off I think would be transformative one of
4	which, today, I was telling Commissioner Mayes that some
5	of us were in Prescott. We aspire to a regional workforce
6	training center, with the emphasis on green jobs.
7	But we also have a number of other initiatives
8	we've worked on, including an organization called NAREG,
9	Northern Arizona Renewable Energy Group, which is a
10	consortium of the larger energy purchasers in the area who
11	have agreed, collectively, to try to work with the power
12	company to put their purchasing to to deliberately, by
13	policy, buy power at a higher rate, in order to encourage
14	the development of renewable energy sources.
15	We also have been very interested in this
16	year, unfortunately, we're not successful in looking
17	into the idea of special renewable energy districts. And
18	we think that there are real opportunities there for
19	neighborhoods to organize themselves in a way, not to
20	create mini-utilities but to through the county or
21	municipalities, to find ways to provide easy financing,
22	over the long term, to move in the direction of
23	renewables.
24	We have lots of ideas. I'd love to go on and
25	on about them, but I do appreciate the question.

1 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, sir. And I appreciate 2 Coconino County's leadership in the area of renewable 3 And I think you stand as a model for other enerav. 4 counties and what you can do, on your own volition, to 5 encourage the development of renewable energy. 6 SUPERVISOR TAYLOR: Thank you, very much. 7 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. Stephen, is it Knutson? 8 MR. KNUTSON: Yes. CHMN. MAYES: Okay. Come on forward. 9 10 And after Stephen, on deck, we'll have Dusty 11 Parsons, representing Navajo County. 12 MR. KNUTSON: Hello. 13 CHMN. MAYES: Hi. 14 MR. KNUTSON: My name is Stephen Knutson. Ι 15 live at 2918 North Tindle Boulevard. I've lived in 16 Flagstaff now for 39 years. 17 I have a little difficulty with APS. And I'll 18 tell you how I got it. 19 About ten years ago, they had a program called 20 "Solar Partners," in which the ratepayer paid extra on 21 their bill so that we could support renewable energy and 22 solar energy and so on. And after being in that program 23 about two years, I met an employee of APS, and he said,

8/3/2009

25 And the reason I was a fool is that the

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"Why, you're a fool," to me.

1 government had mandated that APS get a certain amount of

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- 2 their energy from renewable sources. When they got that
- 3 amount, they didn't add any to it, even though Solar
- 4 Partners had paid for it. And I thought that showed
- 5 terrible acting on the part of APS.
- Now, I know APS is very invested in coal and so
- 7 on and dirty fuels. No matter what happens, our energy is
- 8 going to become more expensive, no matter what. The
- 9 question is whether or not we're going to make clean
- 10 energy or not. And so far, APS has not shown the
- 11 commitment that is necessary to really turn this around.
- 12 And until they do, I don't think they should be rewarded
- 13 in any way.
- 14 That a rate increase should be tied to -- to
- 15 APS committing to making at least half of their energy
- 16 from clean resources by 2020 -- soon, at once, an
- 17 honest-to-goodness change of course. Thank you.
- 18 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Mr. Knutson.
- 19 And I certainly appreciate the direction of
- 20 your comments, and wanted -- both of the letters that I've
- 21 written have raised similar issues about whether we ought
- 22 to be asking APS to do more with renewable energy than
- 23 they are. So you can access my letters on my web site, if
- 24 you'd like. But I appreciate your comments.
- Okay. Dusty Parsons?

1	MR. PARSONS: Madam Chairman, Members of the
2	Commission, my name is Dusty Parsons. I'm the assistant
3	county manager Navajo County, home of the newest and only
4	wind farm in the state. So we're proud of that.
5	CHMN. MAYES: Unfortunately, it's an SRP wind
6	farm, unfortunately for us, right?
7	MR. PARSONS: That's true.
8	CHMN. MAYES: Okay. I know, I know.
9	MR. PARSONS: We hope to build more.
10	CHMN. MAYES: Yeah. Exactly. Okay.
11	MR. PARSONS: Madame Chairman, Members of the
12	Commission, the Board of Supervisors requested that I read
13	a letter into the record. It should only take a short
14	time.
15	It's addressed to "The Honorable Kristin K.
16	Mayes," and "Re: Extension Policy the 100 (sic) foot
17	free-line extension."
18	"Dear Commissioners,
19	"On behalf of the residents of Navajo
20	County, we respectfully ask that you
21	reconsider the previously-adopted APS
22	extension policy and reinstate the 1000
23	free line extension.
24	"These actions have had a chilling
25	effect on those contemplating new

1	construction on Navajo County. Unlike the
2	state's more developed urban areas, Navajo
3	County is largely rural and undeveloped,
4	making the repeal of the free extension an
5	enormous hardship for Navajo County
6	residents and developers.
7	"The economic downturn and crash of
8	the state's housing market has all but
9	stopped new construction in the County and
10	placed an unprecedented hardship on County
11	businesses, homeowners, and the County
12	government itself.
13	"We feel that it is in the best
14	interest of the state to make new
15	development as inexpensive and convenient
16	as possible to facilitate a recovery of our
17	economy and housing market. Reinstating
18	the 1000ft. free line extension would be a
19	helpful and productive first step.
20	"Respectfully submitted,
21	"Jerry Brownlow, Chairman, Board of
22	Supervisors."
23	CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Mr. Parsons.
24	And is that the letter that the supervisors
25	already sent us or is that a new letter? And if it's a

- 1 new -- do you know the date on it? If it's a new one --
- 2 MR. PARSONS: July 14th.
- 3 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. So we probably -- we
- 4 probably --
- 5 MR. PARSONS: I just was reading this letter
- 6 for the record.
- 7 CHMN. MAYES: Great. Okay. And I think we
- 8 already have it docketed, but I appreciate it. And then
- 9 please tell the supervisors we said hello.
- MR. PARSONS: I will. Thank you.
- 11 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you. And then we have Mike
- 12 Wyllie, and then on deck, Joel Lawson.
- MR. MIKE WYLLIE: First of all, commissioners,
- 14 thanks for hearing me today.
- I just wanted to come up for one second. I've
- 16 been involved in this rate case, in what's going on, and
- 17 paid attention to all the different people wanting
- 18 renewable energies, and they want this.
- I believe in renewable energies. I actually
- 20 funded my friend and I to build a windmill to run our
- 21 house on in Phoenix. But what I want you to understand is
- there has to be a bridge.
- And I'm going to go straight over to low-cost
- 24 housing. If you look at what -- what APS is charging to
- 25 hook up houses, I have people -- and if you have power on

- 1 your property line and you want to put a manufactured home
- 2 on them, a recycled home, we get estimates from 7- to
- 3 \$10,000, which has been free or no cost since 1954, prior
- 4 to July of 2007.
- 5 From what I understand, the reason that the
- 6 former corporation commission did this was to keep -- to
- 7 keep the rates down. But if you look at the facts, you
- 8 look at construction, you look at the industry, you look
- 9 at the -- how land is going down in value -- the Arizona
- 10 Association of Realtors is coming on board and everybody's
- 11 starting to look at this issue, and it's become a very big
- 12 issue.
- Currently, today, I'll just say this -- with
- 14 the low-cost housing, I had people in Chicago, who had the
- 15 lady is sitting there and she wants to build -- her dad is
- 16 basically crippled and he wants to live out his dying
- 17 days.
- And they saved their money to pay for their
- 19 septic system. They went to APS, and it was a thousand
- 20 feet no-cost extension. They saved their money for two to
- 21 three years, and they finally saved up their 5- to \$6,000
- 22 for their septic system. Then they wanted to go -- to get
- their power hooked up, and APS said, It's 7,000.
- 24 There's -- that's no longer the policy.
- It's just devastated people, across the board.

- 1 And you can look at this in so many different instances.
- 2 And another thing that -- another thing I don't understand
- 3 is, How can the Native American reservations be excepted?
- 4 Why is a lady in Ajo -- we -- we've done the figures,
- 5 we've looked at -- we've looked at the figures of
- 6 different counties, and -- and the poor and where they're
- 7 at. And if you look at -- compare the figures, for me,
- 8 it's not all adding up. And I just want -- I implore you
- 9 just to look at it from even the low-cost housing aspect
- 10 of it, from the construction aspect of it.
- 11 And -- and I thank you for your time.
- 12 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Mr. Wyllie.
- Joel Lawson. And then after Joel, Todd Wyllie.
- MR. LAWSON: Madam Chairman and Commissioners,
- 15 I appreciate you letting me speak today.
- My name is Joel Lawson. I am the president
- 17 elect for the White Mountain Association of Realtors, and
- 18 I'm also the vice chair for the Planning and Zoning
- 19 Commission in Navajo County.
- 20 You'll have to excuse me. Somebody told me two
- 21 minutes, so I spent most of my afternoon trying to trim my
- 22 comments to two minutes. So now I'm going to try to
- 23 get --
- 24 CHMN. MAYES: You did the long version.
- MR. LAWSON: Now figure out how to work some of

- 1 the things back in that I cut out. But I know that you're
- 2 going to hear a lot today about -- and I'm here to speak
- 3 in favor of restoring the 1000-foot free extension.
- I'm also a real estate broker. I own Integrity
- 5 Realty, in Snowflake, Arizona. I sell land where there
- 6 are lots and lots of 40-acre parcels. They're big pieces
- 7 of property. However, you could probably buy two for what
- 8 you could get a piece of property in Mesa for.
- 9 And people, like myself -- I bought 11 acres;
- 10 moved there, assuming that one day -- it's in one-acre
- 11 zoning, I did my research, I knew what was going on, long
- 12 before I ever got into real estate. I was just a truck
- 13 driver. And I thought, well, one of these days, I'll be
- 14 able to split this property up and give my children a
- 15 place to build their -- their home, and maybe they could
- 16 get a start on life without having to maybe run a credit
- 17 card debt or things of that sort.
- 18 And then -- I had power, so I'm not
- 19 complaining, because mine's 6- or 700 feet away, although
- 20 it would cost me quite a bit of money now, as when it
- 21 would have been free in the past. But there are people
- 22 who have, say, 10 acres, 660 feet, and they're -- they
- 23 want to give some to their children, and now it's going to
- 24 cost them a lot of money, where it would have been free in
- 25 the past.

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As a real estate broker, I've taken people and

2	showed them property for the last 12 years, and been able
3	to say that, Well, the power line's right there. It's
4	within a thousand feet. You should be able to get the
5	extension. I got this information from Arizona Public
6	Service.
7	So there are still people out there that one
8	day intended to retire, invested in buying property. And
9	now, at this point, it's going to cost them sometimes as
10	much as 15- or \$20,000 to get the power brought to their
11	place.
12	Now, I know that it is running down the value
13	of the properties that now can't get power. The average
14	cost that I get from the solar person and most people
15	would like to go to solar nowadays, and not have the
16	bill. But the average cost, I think conservatively is
17	\$25,000 to live anywhere close to what you would on the
18	grid.
19	So if you add that to the price of a \$20,000
20	piece of property, and then try to build a home, you can
21	see how that affects people.
22	Now, I did want to address one of the things
23	and the buzzword that I heard when this was all going on
24	was we need to let growth pay for itself. Well, my family
25	moved from Kansas to Phoenix. We moved onto a grid that

- 1 the people previous to us had paid for. Anybody that
- 2 grows up and buys a home or gets an apartment where
- 3 they're going onto the utilities, they're going onto a
- 4 grid that was paid for by previous people.
- 5 So I don't like that argument. I think it's
- 6 kind of unfair to say, We've got what we want. Now the
- 7 rest of you, you can go get it on your own. Because I
- 8 think the business model is that you go out, you give the
- 9 line extension, and then you charge a power bill every
- 10 month. Sometimes I think you could probably find cases
- 11 where a certain hookup is paid for over 100 years. And
- 12 then you get your money back. And it's kind of a
- 13 risk/reward type of thing.
- The idea that we just shut people down and
- don't try to provide for others to me is not right.
- Now, the other thing is, in our area, with the
- 17 40-acre parcels, if you can imagine a checkerboard, there
- 18 are state sections scattered out through here. Well, some
- 19 people are on the other side of the state section, so the
- 20 thousand foot doesn't even help them. But it does help
- 21 what you guys would probably like, and that's in-fill,
- 22 because then the property that's going to be within the
- 23 thousand feet is going to fill up before you put a -- if
- 24 you can't get power on one side and you can't get power on
- 25 the other, you might be just as likely to go a mile down

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- 1 the road and get a different piece of property. 2 So the other thing that I did want to tell you 3 is that I watched this happen. First it was a thousand foot for free, and then it was 500 -- \$5,000 toward 4 5 construction. And at that point, I believe that it was 6 implemented in my town before it was actually finally 7 voted on by this Commission, by several months. 8 And when that happened, it -- it was very 9 discouraging, because not only were we confused and having 10 a hard time properly guiding our clients, but we were told 11 that we would -- I should say I've had clients return to 12 me and say I went to APS, and they told me I had to put up 13 \$500 nonrefundable in order to find out what the cost 14 would be to have power to our property. 15 Now, APS also can choose to come in from the 16 left or the right or the north or the south, and it may 17 not always be the closest way, but it's the way they want 18 to come in. And I'm not positive about this, but I
- 21 So if they're able to charge for construction,

believe that the only one who you can have do the

- 22 I can't go out and bid it out to -- to the lowest bidder,
- 23 and get the power brought in for a more reasonable price.
- So I appreciate your time. And I'm sure
- there'll be plenty of people who will fill in the blanks.

construction is APS.

- 1 Thank you.
- 2 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, very much,
- 3 Mr. Lawson. I appreciate your comments and you're very
- 4 eloquent in presenting that view.
- 5 And as you know, I was one of the commissioners
- 6 who voted to eliminate the 1000 free feet, and you know, I
- 7 still believe -- although I'm willing to look at this
- 8 issue again with fresh eyes -- but I believe that it was
- 9 in the public interest at the time.
- And just by way of explanation, you know, I do
- 11 believe that growth needs to pay for itself to a greater
- 12 degree than it is today. And you know, I was sick and
- 13 tired, as a commissioner, of having to raise people's
- 14 rates because of the booming economy that we had in this
- 15 state, and because of the fact that many of these rate
- 16 increases that this company -- and a lot of their
- 17 representatives are sitting here in the room in the
- 18 back -- came before us with. The reasons they put forward
- 19 were, Well, we're having to pay for that is all of this
- 20 infrastructure. So that's what guided the previous
- 21 commission, as we made that decision.
- 22 And I understand that it's caused some pain for
- 23 some folks, but -- and we are going to take a look at it
- 24 in the case.
- MR. LAWSON: Could I make one more small point?

- Sure, if you'd come back to the 1 CHMN. MAYES: 2 podium, so our court reporter can get all of it. 3 MR. LAWSON: Well, the other thing I meant to bring up was that your power bill is the same as my power 4 bill, if I pay for an extension. 5 6 If you moved in when the power was already 7 there, you're not paying extra to help pay back to what 8 was there when you got there. But we have to pay for the extension and pay the same bill every month that you do. 9 So I think that really the -- I don't think it's a 10 not-for-profit company, so there's got to be some risk for 11 12 the reward. And I think the idea is to put out the 13 extension and then you get it back, over time, with your 14 billing. Well, let me ask you one --15 CHMN. MAYES: That will be part of the rate 16 COM. PIERCE:
- 18 CHMN. MAYES: Yeah. This will be part of the
- 19 case, and there's an intervenor in the case who is dealing
- 20 with the issue.

case.

- 21 But let me ask you this, as a public commentor,
- 22 Do you think there's any limit to which we should not
- 23 allow -- do you think there's no limit? In other words
- 24 that, you know, if I decided to build a house on top of
- 25 the San Francisco Peaks, I -- do you think I should expect

to have the ratepayers subsidize to get that line all the 1 2 way up there? 3 MR. LAWSON: Well, I think you might be able 4 to --5 CHMN. MAYES: Or a thousand feet of it. 6 MR. LAWSON: You might be able to expect them 7 to go a thousand feet closer if it would get it there. 8 But the way it had been in the past was that you got a 9 thousand foot for free, and it was 5, 7, and 9 dollars a 10 foot as the rest per foot after that. And then after 11 2,000 foot, then all bets were off, and you had to pay 12 construction costs. I thought that was relatively fair. 13 But yeah, I do believe that they have If you don't have a well, if you don't have 14 restrictions. a septic tank, if they don't have a reasonable belief that 15 16 you're going to occupy that property and pay a bill so 17 that they can recoup their investment, they won't bring it to you. So I think they put some --18 19 That's what they've told me. And I've talked 20 to a number of them, as they've filtered through. And 2.1 it's always been that you have to have a septic tank, you 22 have to have a well, and then they'll bring power. And on 23 top of that, they have to enforce code with the County, because you're not going to get your power unless the 24 25 County is going to agree to that.

1 CHMN. MAYES: Again, I do appreciate your 2 comments. And your question about the bidding of the 3 construction is a very good one. And I will ask that in the case. 4 5 COM. PIERCE: Madame Chair, if I could, I want 6 to make it clear. 7 I don't know -- Mr. Wyllie, are you an intervenor in the case? 8 MR. TODD WYLLIE: No, I'm not. 9 10 COM. PIERCE: Okay. You know what, is there 11 any other -- if you're an intervenor in the case and you 12 sign up to speak, actually, this is not your -- you're 13 going to speak at the case in Phoenix. And so if you're 14 an intervenor in the case, you need to wait until then, because you're having unfair advantage over other 15 16 intervenors and whoever -- all the other people that are 17 involved in this case. So thank you. 18 CHMN. MAYES: Your mother is an intervenor, 19 though? 20 MR. TODD WYLLIE: Yeah, my -- yes. 21 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. I'm going to allow you to 22 speak --23 MR. TODD WYLLIE: Okay. 2.4 CHMN. MAYES: -- but it's a stretch. 25 MR. TODD WYLLIE: I didn't want to prep for

1	anything.
2	CHMN. MAYES: Okay.
3	MR. TODD WYLLIE: I just want to say that he
4	did a very good job of explaining
5	CHMN. MAYES: He did.
6	MR. TODD WYLLIE: the situation that's kind
7	of across the state.
8	The big concern really is that it's it's
9	affected all the properties across the board. It isn't
10	that people were going to go out and move on there with
11	their trailer and say, "Give me my power, I'm ready for my
12	thousand feet."
13	These people had to get their permits in place,
14	get their septics ready, everything had to be in place,
15	and it had to be an established permanent residence.
16	And what we've done by taking away the thou
17	three thousand feet is it took it away from all the
18	properties across the state. They're not going to go out
19	and build on the properties. And I saw some statistics
20	that there was 600 rates 600 extensions last year for
21	APS under the thousand feet for free. The previous year
22	was 1,500, and larger before that, and during some
23	unprecedented growth.
24	It's just affecting property values across the

And if -- if there was 200 people that were able

25

board.

- 1 to go out and do this, this year, if it was reinstated, it
- 2 would be very good for the economy. Any -- any growth
- 3 that we can get going right now is -- is very important.
- And it seems to me that it's going to be the
- 5 little builders -- the small guy, the do-it-yourselfers,
- 6 and the small contractors -- that are going to go out
- 7 there and -- and help keep things moving a little bit
- 8 right now. It isn't going to really be the big
- 9 developments at this point. I hope to see them get back
- 10 in there.
- And I'd just like to thank you for your time on
- 12 letting us all speak on this behalf.
- 13 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. Thank you, very much, for
- 14 being here.
- 15 I don't have any other slips for APS, so I'm
- 16 going to move in to Unisource, unless we do have someone.
- Okay. I'm -- sir, did you want to speak on
- 18 APS?
- 19 MR. NELSON: I want to speak to APS.
- 20 CHMN. MAYES: Okay, great.
- 21 MR. NELSON: Yes. I'm sorry. I was just
- 22 letting it go.
- 23 CHMN. MAYES: Oh, that's okay. Why don't you
- 24 come on over, and --
- MR. NELSON: If you want me to fill out a slip

during -- after.

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- 2 CHMN. MAYES: Maybe afterwards. 3 MR. NELSON: Okay. I've provided written testimony. I was just going to introduce myself. 4 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. You're not an intervenor, 5 though? 6 7 MR. NELSON: No, I'm not. 8 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. MR. NELSON: But I did provide written 9 10 testimony. My name is Gary Nelson. I'm a Realtor with 11 12 Realty Executives in Flagstaff. And I just wanted to put 13 my face to my name and introduce myself. You've already 14 received my written testimony.
- going back to the thousand foot extension, of course. 16 17 me, it's not about what the price of the land is doing, 18 because that's -- in my business, there are a lot of

To me, this -- and I would speak in support of

But what it is, is it's how -- what the effect

- things that are affecting the price of the land right now 20 and the price of homes and that type of thing.
- 22 is on people -- and people that own property and they've
- 23 been there and they're already there. There's a huge
- 24 difference in lifestyle on the grid and off the grid. Τf
- 25 people are living off the grid and they have solar and

- 1 wind power systems in place, they have a pretty darn good
- 2 lifestyle. And I would echo your comments about
- 3 sustainability, big difference as a -- as a goal -- and
- 4 yours also. A goal of 50 percent clean power is -- is a
- 5 great goal.
- But the reality of it, and what I see as a --
- 7 as a Realtor is that if they're able to afford those
- 8 things then it's a great thing; but if they're not able to
- 9 afford those things and they're living on that property,
- 10 they're living in squalor. It is -- the -- the difference
- of what electric power can do is -- is astronomical.
- 12 Things that we take for granted every day -- children with
- 13 a computer, lighting, just the difference in education of
- 14 the children and what -- what they can do with power and
- 15 not have power on a property is just amazing.
- 16 The thousand foot extension from -- that was in
- 17 place for 54 years, let's face it, it was to -- to help
- 18 growth in this state and help the rural areas here. And
- 19 of course, you know, when you talk about the San Francisco
- 20 Peaks, we don't need any houses up on the San Francisco
- 21 Peaks --
- 22 CHMN. MAYES: No, I didn't mean this exactly.
- MR. NELSON: -- none of -- none of us want
- 24 that. But your point is how remote do you provide
- 25 service?

- 1 CHMN. MAYES: For free.
- MR. NELSON: For free. And the answer to that
- 3 question is a thousand feet.
- 4 COM. PIERCE: A thousand feet.
- 5 MR. NELSON: That's it. We're talking a
- 6 thousand feet. We're not talking a thousand miles or
- 7 whatever. It's a thousand feet. And that's all -- that's
- 8 all we're asking for.
- 9 CHMN. MAYES: Do you -- and I appreciate you
- 10 being here, Mr. Nelson, and your comments.
- One of the -- you know, it has an impact, an
- 12 aggregate impact on ratepayers. And I'll just speak
- 13 retrospectively.
- 14 As I said I was one of the commissioners who
- was here when APS came in year after year for 8 percent
- 16 rate increases.
- 17 MR. NELSON: Right.
- 18 CHMN. MAYES: Do you -- you -- at what point
- 19 does that become too -- too harsh on the average
- 20 ratepayer, living in the middle of Flagstaff, to --
- Go ahead.
- MR. NELSON: That's me. That's all I'm saying.
- 23 CHMN. MAYES: You're okay with 8 percent every
- 24 year?
- MR. NELSON: No, I'm not. I'm not.

1 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. Because that's what we're 2 seeing. 3 MR. NELSON: And I understand -- and I 4 understand what you're saying. And -- and I understand 5 that. But it's the -- that's the business that they're 6 in. And unfortunately, that's the business that you're in 7 also is that you oversee them and you have to make those difficult decisions. But those decisions have unintended 8 9 consequences, and unintended -- unintended consequences 10 are people. 11 It's not the price of land. It's -- it is, 12 this much, when it's that big. But it's -- it's people 13 and the effect on -- on people that are living in remote 14 areas. And Arizona is a rural remote state. That's just 15 who we are. And so I would urge you to consider 16 reinstating the thousand foot. 17 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. 18 MR. NELSON: Thank you. 19 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you. Okay. Unisource 2.0 Natural --21 Oh, do we have a couple more that want to speak 22 on APS? 23 Okay. Sure. 24 COM. PIERCE: Gary, would you fill out the 25 slip?

1	MR. NELSON: Oh, sure.
2	CHMN. MAYES: Yeah, if you could.
3	And then we'll go to the gentleman in the back,
4	then over here. Come on forward.
5	MR. CISLO: I wasn't sure if I was going to say
6	this, but
7	CHMN. MAYES: No problem. And just state your
8	name for the record or I'll I'll do it.
9	Todd Cislo.
10	MR. CISLO: Thank you. Thank you for listening
11	to me today. I'm a 29-year resident of Flagstaff. I'm a
12	small business owner. And both APS and Unisource are my
13	utilities.
14	In relation to both APS and Unisource, I kind
15	of echo the sentiments of the gentleman who spoke earlier
16	about Flagstaff being all about sustainability and
17	conservation and stuff.
18	And I can speak personally from a residential
19	standpoint that my wife and I have been able to counter
20	all of the rate increases by educating ourselves about
21	conservation. And by doing very simple things, in terms
22	of conservation, we've been able to head off except for
23	the Unisource increase that happened a couple years ago,
2.4	that was off the hook, like double, and we couldn't do

much about that.

1	But as far as conservation in the state of
2	Arizona, my wife and I have traveled quite a bit. And we
3	have friends all over the world and they think of Arizona
4	as sun. I mean the world does. And we all know, in
5	Arizona know, Northern Arizona is also wind. They're
6	both.
7	So it just seems to me a compelling argument
8	for everybody at the state level to to think about what
9	we want Arizona to look like, in relation to what the
10	world sees us as. And are we in kind of in sync with
11	that, the whole thing about wind and and sun? Or are
12	we kind of opposing that, saying, No, we want to continue
13	to do what we do?
14	And I think the answer should be pretty
15	obvious, in that a couple maybe it was a year ago now
16	there was an issue in National Geographics that talked
17	about a a county in Texas, and that and I'm sorry,
18	I'm not going to be able to remember it exactly but
19	they talked about how they were not going to build an
20	entire new coal-burning power plant by putting in place
21	ways to conserve.
22	And they did this by offering incentives to
23	people to buy when they replace, not to go out and buy
24	new, but when they replace an appliance that there was no
25	regular energy-consuming appliance available in the entire

- 1 county. They made it such that -- incentives and such --
- 2 that the only thing that was available was energy
- 3 efficient appliances.
- So through measures like that, they were able
- 5 to eliminate having to build an entire new plant, which
- 6 obviously would have a great effect on their rates and so
- 7 on and so forth.
- 8 So I think business leads by example. And I
- 9 try to, at my business, be very conscientious of all the
- 10 effects on the environment and energy. And I can say
- 11 that -- I can be pretty comfortable saying that my company
- 12 is much more sustainable and much more able to withstand
- 13 what's happening right now because of what we do. And
- 14 it -- it's simple to do.
- And businesses just need to lead. So APS and
- 16 Unisource need to lead, and you need to encourage them to
- 17 lead. And we need to lead as a state because we are about
- 18 sun, and we need to lead as an industry moving forward --
- 19 people talking about new jobs, it's only obvious that if
- 20 we were the leaders of the world -- not Germany -- people
- 21 would have jobs. We'd have great jobs; we'd have
- 22 high-paying jobs.
- 23 And so in that, I would just like to finish up
- 24 about that, with that. And in -- in that, too, certainly
- 25 a lot of people are very passionate about the thousand

- 1 foot thing, and I'm just hearing about that tonight.
- 2 So I'm -- I was listening to what everybody was
- 3 saying, and then as I was listening to this, I was asking
- 4 myself, Okay. Do I know enough about this to comment?
- 5 Well, I do have a personal experience that I could comment
- 6 about how what was, was; and what is, is.
- 7 And I own property in Colorado, outside of --
- 8 south of Telluride, about 25 miles, a little tiny place
- 9 called Rico. Anybody who's been through there knows
- 10 it's -- like it's a little hole in the wall.
- And we bought property there, years and years
- 12 ago, for retirement. And we were able to afford it at
- 13 that time because of the price of the land and so on and
- 14 so forth. But then something happened where Telluride's
- 15 influence of property values floated over the Pass. And
- 16 two years ago, our property taxes tripled.
- 17 And we went -- everybody in the whole town went
- 18 to the assessors and said, What -- we aren't Telluride.
- 19 We -- three -- I mean, if I told you the amount that we
- 20 paid a year in taxes you'd be floored. I mean, it is a
- 21 floorable amount.
- 22 So you know, so we -- all of us went to the
- 23 assessors. And they said, No, that's -- these are your
- 24 property values. And that's what it is.
- And so my wife and I's dream, we were going to

- 1 build our little cabin in the summer, and we couldn't
- 2 build it because now we cannot afford to build the house
- 3 and pay our taxes.
- 4 So things happen. And we fought it every way
- 5 we could. We looked at it and said, Jeez -- you know.
- 6 But the bottom line was, is that what was, was; and what
- 7 became is.
- And we're hurting as an economy. And we
- 9 still -- my wife and I still see our increases in your
- 10 utilities, but we're able to counter them, like I
- 11 mentioned earlier, but they're still going up.
- 12 And at some point in time, I mean -- and to
- 13 answer the question of the gentleman back here -- I mean,
- 14 people who are less fortunate, these types of pulling back
- 15 of what was can be more difficult.
- But then it also -- also begs an imposing
- 17 question of, Well, could it really happen, really, in the
- 18 first place? And that's what Arizona and Nevada and
- 19 Florida and California are feeling the effects of -- the
- 20 attitude we've had for years of, "Well, absolutely."
- 21 And one of the big issues in Rico, is that
- 22 property -- property values go up, and one of the things
- 23 was that people speculated that things always go up. Real
- 24 estate is always going to go up. And we all know that's
- 25 not true and what happened.

1 So in lieu of what you've been saying, Kristin, 2 the Honorable Kristin, I agree with it, is that why 3 should -- and then why should the highest concentration of people -- and people in Flagstaff don't like sprawl. 4 when we talk about in-fill, we like the sound of in-fill 5 6 in Flagstaff. We don't like sprawl. We don't like people 7 coming from elsewhere to sprawl further. We like them to 8 build inside. We just prefer that. 9 So when -- when we think about people wants 10 40 acres, many of my friends and I, we say, Well, what if everybody wanted 40 acres? And if everybody wanted 11 12 40 acres, what would Arizona be? It would be an 13 impossible place to live. 14 So in lieu of what you experienced when you 15 moved here, yes, people have already paid for it, but they 16 paid for it based on a higher concentration that was 17 manageable and reasonable. Not everybody wanting 40 acres 18 or 10 acres or even 5 acres. 19 So if the sprawl is the issue, we in Flagstaff 20 have always looked down the hill and said, Those guys and 21 their sprawl. 22 And so, Realtors, you know -- no offense, man -- I'm going to pick on all of you because you're 23 24 all -- I was listening to all of you standing up here --25 you know, Realtors like sprawl, they like growth.

- 1 has a part to do with that.
- And so anyway, I've said enough.
- 3 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Mr. Cislo -- I guess,
- 4 Todd. And you can call me Kris.
- 5 No, I appreciate that -- that was very
- 6 interesting.
- 7 Commissioner Pierce, do you have a question?
- 8 COM. PIERCE: Well, we have one more.
- 9 CHMN. MAYES: Yeah, I know.
- 10 Mr. Cislo, could you come back up? I have a
- 11 couple questions.
- Do you mind telling us what you did to conserve
- 13 at home and in your -- and at your business?
- 14 MR. CISLO: Basically, we look at everything
- 15 from what the thermostat's at is the main thing -- I mean,
- 16 obviously, that's huge.
- 17 We don't have air-conditioning, which is
- 18 great. I couldn't imagine not having air-conditioning in
- 19 Phoenix, and I think I'd be in a different frame of mind
- 20 if I was coming home to an 85-degree house every day. But
- 21 you know, that's the price to pay for a place that is such
- 22 that it is.
- But from looking at how we use everything, I
- 24 mean, just everything. I mean, we look at is a light
- 25 turned on? Is a -- that -- is that radio in the guest

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- 1 bedroom, that no one's there for but every once a month,
- 2 does that need to be plugged in? Does the computer need
- 3 to stay on all night? Does --
- I mean, as far as electricity is concerned. As
- far as gas is concerned, you know, how you use the stove
- 6 and the water heater. We have a recirculating pump in our
- 7 water heater so that we get fresh hot water as soon as you
- 8 turn it on. We have superefficient appliances. We don't
- 9 replace them until they're needing to be replaced. We
- 10 don't go out and buy something new just to buy something
- 11 new.
- We just look at everything. I mean, you know,
- 13 there's -- we all see these articles in magazines and
- 14 such. You know, they say, Oh, if you just do these few
- 15 simple things. Well, if you do a few simple things, they
- 16 work.
- 17 And so it really is just a matter of
- 18 recognizing how we don't recognize.
- 19 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you. Appreciate that.
- 20 And then we have one more on APS and then we'll
- 21 move to Unisource.
- MS. AUDREANI: Good evening. I'm Lucinda
- 23 Audreani. I work with the County, but I'm not here on
- 24 behalf of the County this evening. I'm here as a -- as a
- 25 rate payer and an individual that works in the energy

- industry. I think I'm getting around 30 years. 1
- 2 First and foremost with infrastructure, as the
- 3 gentleman, the Realtor pointed out the uses -- don't
- forget the value of infrastructure. 4
- If you look back -- I've been here for 5
- 6 12 years. In that time frame, the only time I've ever
- 7 seen anyone get exercised around APS was the winter that
- 8 we had part of the -- of the city of Flagstaff without
- 9 power for several days.
- 10 And so it's very important in an infrastructure
- 11 case to remember that power is fundamental to life now.
- 12 And that isn't a figurative statement. That is reality at
- 13 the hospital. That is reality for many people who live on
- 14 medical devices at home, and for all of us who have
- 15 computers on.
- 16 I literally just remodeled and put in the
- 17 ability to have a backup generator if I need to be able to
- 18 do that given the weather conditions here, and knowing
- 19 that I want to live here for the remainder of my life.
- 20 And there may be a point in my life that I have to have
- 21 that level of reliability. We're extremely fortunate
- 22 here.
- 23 I spent 16 years with Pacific Gas and Electric,
- 24 and I'd be thrilled to have -- when I was in California, I
- 25 didn't have this level of reliability. And frankly I

- 1 think a lot of rate payers take that for advantage here.
- 2 So I think we do need to take -- you know, I really
- 3 encourage you to take that into consideration.
- The second point I want to make is regarding
- 5 renewables, and to one, favorably comment on APS, I think
- 6 as -- as Supervisor Taylor pointed out. I've been
- 7 involved with NAREG and those efforts, have been kind of
- 8 managing that effort. And APS has continued to be very
- 9 supportive of all of the efforts there. And you know, we
- 10 look forward to continuing those efforts. And so I -- I
- 11 think they have been supportive.
- 12 I -- I think the way that the regulatory scheme
- 13 here in Arizona is -- is not particularly favorable to
- 14 renewables. And you all understand what those components
- 15 are and things need to change to support that and can do
- 16 that over time and do that in a reasonable fashion.
- Having come from California, though, I think
- 18 probably the -- the biggest difference that I see is that
- 19 there has been just an incredible lack of investment in
- 20 energy efficiency. And I look at California -- I know
- 21 when I was with the utility in 1990, we literally invested
- 22 a billion dollars in -- in energy efficiency, and that was
- 23 literally, what, 20 years ago now.
- And so I would really encourage you to look at
- 25 perhaps a new framework relative to energy efficiency

- 1 that -- that brings on that investment and really look at
- 2 what is that cost comparison to new investment in
- 3 energy -- both renewable and nonrenewable energy
- 4 efficiency.
- I mean, time and time again, as a service
- 6 consultant for many large energy users across the country,
- 7 always invest in energy efficiency, first, frankly, and
- 8 then you invest in renewables. So I would really
- 9 encourage you to look at that. And look at a framework
- 10 whereby they can gain stock -- stockholder benefits from
- 11 investments in energy efficiency. And that's what
- 12 California did, that turned the whole tide.
- I didn't get my bonus at PG&E unless we sold
- 14 enough energy efficiency -- that's literally how I got my
- 15 bonus, and frankly, a chunk of my paycheck as well.
- 16 So there are ways to change utilities that are
- 17 seen as under energy efficiency, both Unisource and APS,
- 18 if you tie it to stockholder return, that carries a lot of
- 19 benefit.
- Lastly, in terms of the rate increase, I would
- 21 ask you to -- to, though, take into consideration for
- 22 those low income ratepayers. I do know that we, as many
- 23 places in -- in Arizona and across the country, are
- 24 experiencing, you know, difficulties in a lot of
- 25 families.

1	We have an organization here. United Way takes
2	a major role with an entity called Financial Stability
3	Partnership. We're trying to really work with families
4	who are having difficulties. We just literally the
5	County recently had to had to reduce services as a
6	result of cutbacks from the State, and that's affecting
7	families, you know, our employees and those families.
8	And so I really would ask you to consider those
9	issues, as you look at the rate increase and how can we
10	moderate the impact on low income families.
11	Thank you for the opportunity to speak.
12	CHMN. MAYES: Thank you. And Lucinda, I
13	appreciate you being here, and I agree with you that we
14	need to invest more in energy efficiency. And I'm glad
15	that the Commission has a workshop, that's probably
16	leading to a rulemaking that is looking at doing
17	requiring all of our utilities to do 20 percent of all of
18	their retail sales from, well, kilowatt hours from
19	energy efficiency.
20	And you're right, it's the cheapest. The
21	megawatt is the cheapest form of electricity there is
22	which is the electricity we don't use. In fact, it's
23	about right now the ratio for the really low-hanging
24	fruit, doing you know, high efficiency lighting I'm
25	pretty sure that's not that's not.

1	MS. AUDREANI: That light up there, that is.
2	CHMN. MAYES: These aren't.
3	MS. AUDREANI: These are not.
4	CHMN. MAYES: Okay. But it's about one, one
5	and a half cents per kilowatt hour for energy efficiency
6	measurement versus, right now, 8 1/2 cents for kilowatt
7	hour for the energy that APS is producing that you're
8	buying. So it's really cost effective to do energy
9	efficiency. And we really haven't even scratched the
10	surface in Arizona in terms of in getting some. And so
11	we're looking forward to that rulemaking.
12	Oh, and please fill out a form for us.
13	MS. AUDREANI: I did fill out a form, but I
14	turned it in a little late. So
15	CHMN. MAYES: Oh, okay. Great.
16	Okay. We will go to Unisource. Miquelle
17	Scheier. Did I say that correctly?
18	MS. SCHEIER: It's Miquelle.
19	CHMN. MAYES: Miquelle, okay. And on deck we
20	have Crandall Jones.
21	MS. SCHEIER: First of all, I want to thank you
22	for bringing this opportunity to Flagstaff and giving us
23	the chance for a public comment in the Unisource Energy
24	Services pending rate case.
25	My name is Miquelle Scheier. I'm a senior

1	manager over the Community Resource Division of Coconino
2	County Community Services, including our emergency utility
3	and the rental assistance programs. I've held this
4	particular position for over 10 years, but I'm a 37-year
5	resident of Flagstaff.
6	I have been an advocate for the low income for
7	the past 30 years. And I currently serve as the vice
8	chair of the Arizona Community Action Association Board.
9	Throughout the county, we're seeing consistent
10	increases in the requests for assistance made to Community
11	Services, which provides over 90 percent of the utility
12	and rental assistance for our Coconino County low income
13	families. In Coconino County Community Services, we're
14	seeing record numbers of individuals and families
15	requesting assistance, and we're turning them away in
16	record numbers.
17	As people are experiencing and continuing to
18	experience the economic the results of the economic
19	downturn by layoffs and furloughs and losing their jobs,
20	they are we're seeing first-time families, who have
21	never before come through our doors, requesting
22	assistance. We are noticing that they are not getting
23	better.
24	The unemployment rate in Coconino County

continues to rise from 4.1 a little more than a year

25

- 1 ago -- a year and a half ago, to over 6.7 currently. The
- 2 national unemployment rate is expected to hit more than
- 3 10 percent in 2010, and typically in Coconino County,
- 4 we're significantly higher here.
- 5 Caseworkers throughout the county are reporting
- 6 serving people that have never before requested
- 7 assistance.
- 8 And please excuse me, I have changed this
- 9 around because I knew I only had three minutes, so I have
- 10 stuff in different places.
- 11 CHMN. MAYES: Take your time.
- 12 MS. SCHEIER: And while we were able to assist
- more families seeking energy assistance in 2009, with the
- 14 increased LIHEAP funding, we did not receive that increase
- 15 this year. Last year, we had \$428,570 to assist families;
- this year we have 172,000. This year we are experiencing,
- 17 especially in the wintertime, those increased numbers
- 18 coming through our doors.
- We've never, even in good times, been able to
- 20 keep up with the demand for energy assistance by our
- 21 program participants. The requests for assistance with
- 22 utility bills and shut-offs were on the rise this past
- 23 winter. Flagstaff, Page, and Williams saw a doubling of
- 24 requests by families who were on the verge of having their
- 25 heat turned off.

1	I have a couple of comparisons. In November of
2	2008, we served 47 families; in November of 2009 I mean
3	in November of this is the fiscal year, sorry we saw
4	109. In February, of 2007, we saw 110 people; in February
5	of 2009, we saw 310 families. Those were the people that
6	we were those were the families that we were able to
7	assist. This is an increase of a little over 43 percent
8	in a year's time.
9	An example of last year on average, the gas
LO	bill was running about 150 to \$200; this year we're seeing
11	a rise from 250 to \$400. The average electric bill was
12	running \$125 for our low income families; and this year it
13	was up to 175 to 250. And propane prices are just off the
14	charts.
15	Utility costs continue to climb. And with
16	Unisource and APS, major providers of energy in Coconino
17	County, asking for additional rate increases this year,
18	our low income families remain in jeopardy. The outlook
19	for financial assistance for those families is bleak.
20	The safety net that we provide and have been
21	providing has been torn, and people are beginning to fall
22	through in increasing numbers. With reductions in our
23	funding for 2009, and at the end of 2009, with the
24	mandatory state cuts to our existing budget; with
25	anticipating continued cuts for 2010 coupled with no

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- increase in our LIHEAP, perhaps -- maybe, but still not 1 2 enough to serve those in need, we're looking at over 3 1,000 families in 2010 that are going -- of our low income families that are going to go unserved. 4 5 We know that increased energy burdens have a direct correlation to homelessness. Add this to the 6 7 growing numbers of requests and potential cuts for 2010 8 and we could see many more hundreds of our low income 9 families going unserved, and many of our vulnerable 10 populations, including our elderly populations that live 11 on a fixed income, in serious jeopardy. 12 It is in conclusion that I would like to 13 express our support for the testimony provided to you by 14 the Arizona Community Action Association. 15 And that request is that the Commission hold 16 low income customers harmless in this rate case, both in 17 the CARES program and then encourages gas adjustment; to
- 21 enrollment efforts in the low income discount program,

modify the CARES Warm Spirit and weatherization program

language to track with federal LIHEAP and weatherization

eligibility language; to increase Unisource's outreach and

- 22 which would include the requirement that Unisource
- 23 automatically enroll LIHEAP and weatherization eligible
- 24 customers in the CARES discount program, exempt the CARES
- 25 customers from the rule regulation Section Number 3,

- 1 establishment of service deposits to increase the
- 2 company's support of the Warm Spirits and low income
- 3 weatherization programs.
- And I thank you very much, again.
- 5 CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Miquelle, for that
- 6 public comments -- some very important public comments.
- 7 If I -- let me ask you just a couple questions.
- 8 MS. SCHEIER: Yes.
- 9 CHMN. MAYES: And thank you. I'm not going to
- 10 ask you to read the numbers back, but I'm going to read
- 11 the transcript, because I thought those numbers were very
- 12 interesting and troubling.
- But can you -- you said you don't think that
- 14 LIHEAP is going to receive a boost here in Coconino
- 15 County.
- MS. SCHEIER: Well --
- 17 CHMN. MAYES: Why is that? Because I know
- 18 there's more money coming from the feds.
- 19 MS. SCHEIER: There -- well, we've been told,
- 20 but we don't have that and we are not -- Arizona --
- 21 CHMN. MAYES: You have not?
- MS. SCHEIER: We have not gotten that. And
- 23 Arizona has always been -- and the warm weather states
- 24 have really not received their share.
- As -- with the money that we got last year, it

- 1 certainly helped us to serve those people who are in
- 2 need. But with the increased numbers, even that amount
- 3 that's coming into our state, which is inadequate for the
- 4 state of Arizona, will not serve our low income
- 5 population -- at least not in the record numbers that we
- 6 are seeing come through, of course.
- 7 CHMN. MAYES: And you don't -- you haven't been
- 8 told when it will come? I mean --
- 9 MS. SCHEIER: We have not. We have not.
- 10 Typically -- well, I -- I think the word on the
- 11 street is sometime in the fall, which is good for us, as a
- 12 cold weather community. But --
- 13 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. How about the additional
- 14 weatherization money? I don't know if you addressed that
- 15 in your comments.
- MS. SCHEIER: I did not. But someone -- Tom
- 17 Broderick will be addressing --
- 18 CHMN. MAYES: Oh, great. He will.
- 19 MS. SCHEIER: -- those weatherizations, but we
- 20 are in support of them also.
- 21 CHMN. MAYES: Okay, okay. And you said that
- there's evidence that increases in utility bills directly
- 23 impact the homelessness rate. Do you -- do you have a
- 24 particular site for that? Because I think that would be
- 25 interesting evidence in the case or --

- 1 MS. SCHEIER: Yes. The Department of Health
- 2 and Human Services provided those numbers. Also -- oh,
- 3 there's one other site, and as I think about it, I will --
- 4 I'll make sure that you have that.
- 5 CHMN. MAYES: If you -- yeah. And that
- 6 certainly is something that could be -- you can provide
- 7 later, if you have the time.
- MS. SCHEIER: I will. I will make sure that
- 9 you get that.
- 10 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. Thank you, again, for
- 11 coming. I appreciate it.
- 12 Crandall -- Mr. Jones. And then, after
- 13 Mr. Jones, Mr. Broderick.
- MR. JONES: My name is Crandall Jones. I've
- 15 been a resident of Flagstaff for -- since I retired 22
- 16 years ago.
- 17 My comments are aimed solely to the rate
- 18 increase sought by Unisource. Natural gas prices charged
- in Flagstaff went up tremendously in the last two years.
- 20 I have a friend who has a home -- and it's a large home,
- 21 but not as large as many in town -- and he told me his gas
- 22 bill got up to \$350 a month last winter.
- I think that these high gas prices cause a lot
- 24 of people to guit heating their homes with gas, and
- 25 reverting to wood-burning stoves.

There's a place just south of Little America, 1 2 where the year before last, a fellow showed up with a 3 pickup, with sideboards on it about five feet high, full 4 of cut firewood. Before long, another guy showed up. 5 This past winter it was even more popular. And one time I counted eight pickups of firewood, there, being sold. My 6 7 quess is that there was more firewood sold, per capita, 8 last winter, than since natural gas became available in 9 Flagstaff. 10 There has been a -- an enormous increase in the 11 proven and probable reserves of natural gas in the past 12 few years. This is a relatively new development. And I can tell you how and when if you were so inclined and had 13 14 the time to hear it. Most of this gas is discovered 15 farther east -- a lot of it in Pennsylvania, New York, the 16 Rocky Mountains, Louisiana, the mid continent, Texas, and 17 the Rocky Mountains. 18 So my guess is that a lot of energy, people --19 power companies, building new power plants -- are probably 2.0 going to go to natural gas instead of coal, because it's 21 going to be cheaper, and I hope some day we will have 22 cheaper prices. 23 I got your -- I don't have the information to 24 tell me why we have -- Unisource was unable to find a 25 better contract for a long-term supply of natural gas --

1	and my guess is they were pretty sorry hedgers, but I
2	don't know that.
3	I hope you will all look at this pretty close.
4	There's one final thing in that thing I read in
5	the paper that said this was a permanent increase. That
6	kind of scares me. I don't know how you all regard
7	"permanent," but to me it means forever. And I hope I
8	hate to think that some day their rates will go down.
9	Thank you, very much.
10	CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Mr. Jones. And there
11	is indeed nothing permanent in utility rate making. So
12	COM. PIERCE: And Madam Chair, if I could.
13	I think, you know, "permanent" is a term of art
14	in this. It's really to let you know that this is
15	permanent until the next rate case. That it that
16	it's not so that you know that this isn't going to move
17	around until there's a bunch of notice, and so that you'll
18	be aware that there is a next rate case, because it
19	doesn't it doesn't fluctuate year to year.
20	Although we the cost of gas there is an
21	adjuster, why some folks wondered why, you know, prices
22	really went up because of the cost adjuster which now
23	prices of gas are going down, so that that price adjuster
24	will go down and you and everyone will feel the effects
25	of that, actually. And the actual transfer that the cost

- 1 that was hit to the utility, they passed along, and as the
- 2 cost of gas goes down, it'll come down also to the
- 3 ratepayers. That's a cost adjuster that was passed by the
- 4 Commission. And we actually had a hearing a month or so
- 5 ago on cost adjusters.
- But the thing is we're seeing that these prices
- 7 are coming down. You'll feel the effects of that.
- 8 CHMN. MAYES: Yeah. And -- and you make some
- 9 very good points, Mr. Jones.
- 10 And one of the things that we do look at as
- 11 part of every rate case that comes in front of us is what
- 12 is this company's hedging policy? Are they doing a good
- job, or are they doing a lousy job of hedging and buying
- 14 forward of their gas? And are they in the money or out of
- 15 the money on their gas purchases? And it's sort of a
- 16 prudence kind of review.
- 17 And if they're not doing a good job, that --
- 18 that's reflected in the case and in our decision making.
- 19 And that was a big issue, you know, back when they were
- 20 trying to raise their rates so high, back a few years ago,
- 21 and it'll continue to be a big issue.
- One of the questions that we'll have -- that I
- 23 have, not only in this case, but in the APS case is, These
- 24 companies are asking very -- for -- for large increases,
- 25 especially in the APS case, in -- in their base fuel

- 1 costs, but the price of natural gas, as Commissioner
- 2 Pierce just said, has gone down.
- In fact, in preparing the letter -- the letter
- 4 that I'm putting out tomorrow on the APS rate case, we
- 5 found that the price of gas at the NYMEX market was four
- 6 dollars. Well, remember back in the -- a few years ago,
- 7 it was up at fourteen dollars per MMBtu.
- 8 So the question is, Why do these companies need
- 9 the rate increases they're asking for when the price of
- 10 gas has gone down? And those issues will be addressed in
- 11 the case.
- 12 So thanks for coming and I appreciate your
- 13 comments.
- 14 Mr. Broderick, speaking of a gas expert, you've
- 15 got -- I'm sure he's going to have all the answers for us.
- MR. BRODERICK: Actually --
- 17 CHMN. MAYES: And then -- and then after --
- MR. BRODERICK: Commissioner, here is a graph
- 19 of gas prices in NYMEX over the last 12 months.
- 20 CHMN. MAYES: Were they right at the four
- 21 dollars?
- MR. BRODERICK: It was -- it is -- well,
- 23 actually, this -- the front month is under four dollars
- 24 and the peak month was fourteen. Correct.
- 25 CHMN. MAYES: Wow.

1 MR. BRODERICK: So that -- there's -- there's 2 what the graph looks like. I happened to have it. 3 wasn't going to speak on that particular issue, but --4 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. Tom, before you get 5 started, I want to just say -- I think it's Ron -- is it 6 Ron Coles? 7 MR. BRODERICK: Ron Coles. 8 CHMN. MAYES: Ron Coles -- Mr. Coles is after 9 you. 10 MR. BRODERICK: Thank you, Commissioners, for 11 coming, and allowing me to speak here. 12 I've been in the gas and electric industry, and the conservation industry, for over 30 years. I have an 13 14 engineering background, and so I've been an advocate of 15 conservation for a long time. And really, that's what my 16 intention is to talk to you about today. I'm not going to discuss the merits of a rate increase or not. I'm sure 17 that you'll all delve into that. 18 19 But my purpose today is to talk about 20 efficiency. 21 And Commissioner Mayes, I know that you've been 22 perhaps one of the best advocates for efficiency, outside 23 of California -- perhaps across the nation -- and 24 renewables as well, because you're a champion for that. 25 So I'm urging -- I'm urging that there be a

- 1 very aggressive effort by the Commission to move forward
- 2 on efficiency, because -- because, as has already been
- 3 said, megawatts are the cheapest ones that we can get.
- 4 And if we can say "megatherms," those are also the
- 5 cheapest.
- 6 I'm urging this aggressive program, both for
- 7 low income programs, to -- to reinforce what Miquelle
- 8 Scheier was -- was talking about, and the ACA -- ACAA has
- 9 a very good program. They're asking for almost three
- 10 times the weatherization for low income that the company
- is suggesting, and that's very important.
- We have a group -- there's a group that I'm
- 13 part of -- and Mr. Coles is also part of it -- and -- and
- 14 we're working in conjunction with some other groups that
- 15 are actually meeting with Unisource -- have met several
- 16 times -- talking about how we can dramatically expand the
- 17 efficiency program.
- 18 And I am -- I have read through the docket on
- 19 the -- the efficiency standard. And it is very important,
- 20 both for APS and Unisource, to go this route. They need
- 21 to become energy and efficiency providers -- they need to
- 22 think of them differently. That's what they need to
- 23 become.
- 24 I'm going to focus my comments on Unisource
- 25 because, in Flagstaff, their bills are two to five times

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- 1 the electric bills. And it's very important -- but I also 2 want to say, in addition to efficiency, I mean dramatic 3 expansions of efficiency -- and Lucinda Audreani, who is gone now -- but California sets a great model and -- and 4 5 let -- let's pick up some of that thinking, because their 6 consumption has gone -- has gone down dramatically. 7 And -- but it's also important that we treat 8 the utilities fairly -- and this has been alluded to, as 9 well. And by "fairly," I mean recovery in a timely way of 10 their costs, provide them financial incentives. We should 11 not expect a for-profit investor-owned utility to do 12 things because it's good for someone who thinks it's good, 13 but it's not financially good for them. 14 I understand that there's costs associated with 15 that to the ratepayers, but this is a good course, and 16 that's the way we're going to get some enthusiasm and use
- To Mr. Jones' point, I wanted to just recap

their considerable power and contact with customers to

- 20 what prices have done at Unisource for the last ten
- 21 years. They were 44 cents a therm in 1999, this last
- 22 winter they were \$1.18 -- so that's 168 percent in ten
- 23 years, which is a 10 percent compounded rate. I'm sure
- 24 salaries of everybody in the room have gone up at a
- 25 10 percent compounded rate, so this is really no problem.

make this effective.

MR. FERNANDEZ: And the property tax has done 1 2 that too. 3 MR. BRODERICK: The -- the -- I think it's 4 critically important that we have more efficiency, but the 5 economic hardship, which people have already talked 6 about -- the economics of efficiency are clearly much 7 better if prices are 168 percent higher. And so there's a lot of opportunity, let's go after it. Things that didn't 8 9 make sense ten years ago are critical now. 10 We have carbon reduction, which I think there's 11 growing consensus -- even among earlier skeptics -- that 12 that's important. Housing affordability is really important because the cost of efficiency is paid for by 13 14 the energy savings at today's prices. 15 Today's prices -- what's going to -- what are 16 the prices going to be ten years ago from now? I don't --17 I'm not predicting a 10 percent compounded rate out 10 18 years, but I'm -- I am predicting that it's going to 19 continue to go up. And it also provides jobs -- the whole 20 efficiency work that is -- can be funded by ratepayers 21 through the utility structure, can produce jobs. 22 I want to just mention -- I'm going to go a 23 little over, if that's okay, because I -- I cut down a 24 bunch of stuff and I'd like to add it back in, if 25 that's -- I will try to make good use of your time here.

1	I wanted to tell you a story that you may not
2	know about, and that is that the city of Flagstaff just
3	just approved a new energy code. It went beyond the
4	International Energy Conservation Code for climate zone 5,
5	which is what we sit. The added mortgage for every one of
6	those items it was about \$3,000 more to a cost of a
7	home. It's going to provide savings. It's going to
8	the mortgage is about \$175. And it's going to save \$550
9	in utility costs.
10	So the low income people make \$300 from the
11	first winter, not over 20 years from winter one,
12	they're ahead of the game. They're spending more money in
13	our community. And it's a great program. The Council did
14	not be was not as aggressive as as I wish they
15	were had been. We're going to keep pushing them.
16	The point is that with this efficiency with
17	moving a little beyond this efficiency, we could build a
18	home for another \$25,000, put in passive solar for
19	heating, put in a PV array for \$10,000, put in domestic
20	hot water, and have a zero energy, renewable energy home
21	for another \$25,000.
22	But what what was going to set the
23	foundation for this is if you if you demand of our
24	communities, of our utilities, and and of the
25	ratepayers who are going to pay for it, we go to this kind

- 1 of efficiency and get those aggressive programs, because
- 2 that will support the move to renewals, because someone
- 3 said earlier, Go to efficiency first, then add
- 4 renewables -- of course.
- 5 So for not very much more money, we can move in
- 6 that direction, and these higher utility rates are helping
- 7 us do that.
- Retrofits -- we need to have people -- we have
- 9 a lot of existing homes. We're building 11 homes in
- 10 Flagstaff, so far this year. We're in a housing crisis,
- 11 but you all know about that.
- 12 We have -- I think it's 25 or 30,000
- 13 communities in the -- houses in the county -- households.
- 14 We need to do something about them and get a good,
- 15 aggressive, retrofit program. And it's very important
- 16 that we not have the up-front costs be a burden.
- If I could digress to the other folks about the
- 18 thousand free feet.
- 19 And it's a very tricky issue, Commissioner --
- 20 and I know that you've talked about it, because I've heard
- 21 you talk about it, I've read your testimony on it.
- Who pays for line extensions? Is it the people
- 23 who are getting the line extensions or everybody else?
- And it's a hard position. I happen to support
- 25 your position because I think growth should pay.

1	Maybe a suggestion is, Don't have it be an
2	up-front cost, charge it. Don't have it be an up-front
3	cost. Have the utility collect it on the bill as
4	something, so it's not an up-front cost that burdens these
5	people. And have it go from that property owner to the
6	next person who is on that property, and have it go on for
7	a long time just as an aside. I didn't plan on
8	commenting on that, but it was an idea.
9	And it might give you folks a way out. It
10	helps your folks, but it maintains your principle of the
11	people getting extensions paying it.
12	CHMN. MAYES: So Tom, this is fascinating.
13	I've never thought about that idea. Do you you're
14	suggest you're basically suggesting something that has
15	been suggested for energy efficiency in solar, which is
16	on-the-bill financing
17	MR. BRODERICK: Right.
18	CHMN. MAYES: for line extensions?
19	MR. BRODERICK: Right. That and have it be
20	at some kind of moderate pace and have it be transferrable
21	from the initial customer to whoever moves onto that
22	property, and have it disclosed at the time utility
23	service for the new customers is added.
24	I'm Ron Coles is going to talk a little bit

about that for energy efficiency as well -- where the

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- 1 energy efficiency is paid is the PAYS program, where you
- 2 go and -- an efficiency upgrade is made to a property,
- 3 that customer pays a certain amount that lowers his bill,
- 4 but helps pay for the efficiency; and that transfers to
- 5 the next -- next customer at that meter location. And
- 6 that way, we -- we're upgrading the houses.
- 7 If we can take care of renters -- how do we
- 8 deal with renters on efficiency? It's a terrible
- 9 problem. This is a way to deal with that problem and get
- 10 all the housing upgraded, so we don't have people
- 11 struggling and having to choose -- let's see, food,
- 12 medication, utility bills? So now that's something
- 13 that -- I -- I'm almost done here.
- 14 This one page is certainly taking a long time,
- 15 so I just want to thank you. Thank you for your
- 16 indulgence.
- 17 If we have a widespread aggressive program that
- 18 has lots of participants, then the program costs per unit
- 19 go gown, and it also impacts a lot more folks. And I just
- 20 wrote, maybe we're looking -- and Mr. Coles is going to
- 21 talk about it some more -- using a revolving loan fund set
- 22 up by the utilities. We can have that funded by the DSM
- 23 adjuster. Do the upgrades. Have the customers pay it
- 24 back over time, but with lower bills. And all customers
- 25 can do that -- maybe a sliding scale where the lowest

- 1 income don't quite pay it all back; the higher income,
- 2 middle income do pay it all back. And you have this
- 3 revolving fund. And now you have a way of funding
- 4 efficiency forever, until we get to all of the places, and
- 5 it minimizes the impact on non-participants.
- 6 So we have more participants. And the impact
- 7 on nonparticipants is not bad because the folks are paying
- 8 it back. So it's a great concept, which Mr. Coles is
- 9 going to talk about a little bit more. It also has the
- 10 participants -- you know, if you come in and do something
- 11 for free, you're going to upgrade my house.
- Well, great, I can turn the heat up to 75 now
- and I can run the hot water. If they're paying for it, by
- 14 golly, they will be invested in making it work. And
- 15 that's -- to me, is an important design element of the
- 16 program.
- Well, you're headed down the right path. It's
- 18 very exciting, the standards -- and Commissioner Mayes,
- 19 you're the champion here.
- I don't mean to slight the rest of you, but
- 21 I've been watching Commissioner Mayes for a longer time.
- 22 And you're a champion of the renewable energy standard,
- 23 that's terrific. You're a champion of this energy
- 24 efficiency standard, as well. And this is the right
- 25 path.

1	We need to be aggressive. We need to as
2	Lucinda Audreani said we need to be like California, ir
3	some ways. As an as an Arizona resident, never lived
4	in California in this regard, we need to do some
5	copying. And you folks are going down the right path.
6	We just urge you to go down that path and force
7	the utilities well, "force" is maybe a harsh word
8	but lead the utilities to do this work, because they're
9	well positioned, but they need to be they need to have
10	a financial invest and that's only fair. It's not just
11	a mandate. Let's make let's get them excited about
12	doing this, so their best people are on it, so they can
13	invest money in it, so that this is an important thing at
14	the CEO level, instead of just something that has to be
15	done in order to keep the peace with you folks.
16	Okay. Thanks.
17	CHMN. MAYES: Thank you, Mr. Broderick, very
18	much, for coming and for providing your insight.
19	MR. BRODERICK: And one and for one extra
20	idea that I didn't have until I got up here.
21	CHMN. MAYES: Ron Coles. And then after Ron,
22	we have a slip from Andy Fernandez.
23	MR. COLES: Hi. Thank you for coming to
24	Flagstaff.
25	I'm Ron Coles. I'm the director of the program

- 1 for Community, Culture, and Environment, at NAU. I'm also
- 2 very active in SEDI -- the Sustainable Economic
- 3 Development Initiative, that you've heard about and Tom
- 4 just mentioned again. And I'm a leader on an action team
- 5 around energy efficiency, particularly in policy and
- 6 incentives.
- 7 One of the things that we're doing right now,
- 8 we're in deliberations -- initial, but hopeful, I think --
- 9 with Unisource, exploring ways of financing and
- 10 cooperating together, both ways on energy efficiency
- 11 work. So that I think is -- is very hopeful.
- The problem with following Tom is he knows more
- 13 about this issue than anybody else -- certainly than me --
- 14 and also he took twice as long and said everything that he
- 15 said I was supposed to say. So I will be very, very
- 16 brief.
- Okay. So really what -- my point of entry here
- 18 is the part of the rate case that talks about shifting the
- 19 ratio of fixed costs to commodity costs. And I -- I
- 20 should clarify also that I'm not speaking on behalf of
- 21 SEDI or NAU tonight -- just as a citizen.
- 22 So I -- I would urge you to support this kind
- 23 of shift. It seems to me that it's a prototype for
- 24 decoupling, yet this affirmation, it seems to me, is
- 25 linked to two key principals which have already been

1	mentioned, so I'll be brief.
2	The first is that the the specifics of any
3	decoupling need to be tied to increasing energy efficiency
4	for customers and increasing incentive structures for
5	utilities to increase energy efficiency.
6	The second, it seems to me and SWEEP
7	articulates this very well is that a substantial
8	majority of the savings should go to the customers.
9	So with those two kinds of general principals,
10	it seems to me like the direction is a good one.
11	SEDI, as you already probably know, is an
12	organization that brings together all sectors in Northern
13	Arizona around sustainable economic development. Our
14	members include green businesses, institutions of higher
15	education, elected and administrative staff, and agencies
16	within the city and the county, utilities, and so forth
17	workforce development organizations.
18	So what we're doing is developing this network
19	that brings together economic capital, social capital,
20	educational capital, political clout and "partnership"
21	is really the name of the game here. There there
22	are each one of these different kinds of entities
23	brings different capacities to achieve energy efficiency
24	to the table. And they're far greater, I think, than any

single entity, like a utility alone can do. So what we're

25

1 doing is encouraging a partnership that multiplies the 2 capacities of each member and the overall outcome. 3 The partnership, of course, requires substantial economic capital to get it going, and that's 4 5 what we're looking on in a variety of ways. 6 One of the things that we're looking at, as Tom 7 mentioned, for energy efficiency retrofit work, 8 establishing a revolving loan fund. And I would urge you 9 to not just look at California -- which has done some 10 great things -- but also Kansas -- which Kansas is the 11 leader right now -- far ahead of California, I think. Ι 12 know it's very counterintuitive. What's right with 13 Kansas? 14 But -- but in fact, Midwest Energy, which is a 15 publicly owned utility in Kansas, a couple of years ago 16 picked up a program that has been -- was theorized and 17 formulated in Vermont, called the PAYS program, Pay as You 18 Save -- that's the acronym. And they modified it. 19 So two years ago they established a revolving 20 loan fund. Note that Midwest Energy sees this not as a 2.1 revolving loan fund, but actually as an investment because 22 they make money on it. And they started with about 23 \$700,000, the pilot program, that was so successful that 24 it became the model for what is called now "Efficiency Kansas," which the Kansas Corporation Commission put 25

1 forward and garnered \$35 million of the ARRA money just a

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- 2 couple weeks ago -- so a very effective and compelling
- 3 program.
- So I -- I would urge you to think about DSM
- 5 adjustments and incentive restructuring for utilities to
- 6 receive fair returns for helping to finance something like
- 7 this. Essentially, the Kansas Efficiency Program and the
- 8 House Smart Program, run by Midwest Energy, works like
- 9 this to accomplish three things -- so it establishes a
- 10 revolving loan fund.
- 11 First, it allows consumers to greatly increase
- 12 their energy efficiency through retrofits, with no initial
- 13 layouts or up-front costs. The loan is built right into
- 14 their bill, and they use fairly conservative metrics, so
- 15 it's very cost effective, which allows them to ensure that
- the bill post-retrofit will be no more than 90 percent of
- 17 the pre-retrofit bill. So you get an immediate savings of
- 18 at least 10 percent for the retrofit work, and then you
- 19 pay off the loan over time.
- 20 So as Tom said, that create -- it solves a
- 21 collective action problem, which is, How do you get
- 22 renters? Renters can actually initiate this work, as long
- as they have the approval of the landlord.
- So because this mechanism -- again following
- 25 Tom, but it's -- redundancy is not a bad thing -- because

- 1 the financing mechanism is a revolving loan fund, the
- 2 money is put back in the pool. So it keeps cycling and
- 3 doing work over and over again, and creating economic
- 4 ripple effects, and so forth.
- 5 Finally, I want to emphasize nonparticipants
- 6 benefit greatly in this because, after a certain amount of
- 7 time, you've built up the revolving loan fund and you
- 8 don't need to pump more capital into it, so it reduces
- 9 nonparticipant costs to zero.
- 10 So I think there's a lot to recommend this.
- 11 We're working on it up here and we urge you to think about
- 12 it.
- 13 CHMN. MAYES: Mr. Coles, let me -- a couple
- 14 questions first.
- And if this works the way I understand other
- 16 revolving loan funds would work or do work, the -- the
- 17 money that -- that you -- the people who do this, would
- 18 pay it off -- pay the loan off by the energy efficiency
- 19 savings that they get on their utility bill; correct?
- MR. COLES: Exactly.
- 21 CHMN. MAYES: So it gets put onto your bill,
- 22 but you're paying it off with the money that you don't
- 23 have to pay or the savings that you get from the energy
- 24 efficiency methods that you've implemented in your house?
- MR. COLES: Exactly, exactly. So the bill --

1 again, it reduces at least 10 percent. Yeah, that's --2 CHMN. MAYES: How does the money go back into 3 the -- into the revolving fund? How does that work? 4 MR. COLES: Every payment goes back into the -you're paying off your loan, and then that money becomes 5 6 available for a new setup. 7 I see. Okay. And then you said CHMN. MAYES: 8 that you think that the Commission should tie -- that if 9 we adopt some sort of decoupling mechanism, or if we adopt 10 the company's -- what you called a sort of decoupling 11 prototype, decoupling light -- whatever you want to call 12 it -- measure, which is moving from more -- from fixed costs to more of a commodity cost. 13 14 MR. COLES: Um-hmm. 15 CHMN. MAYES: You said we should tie that, 16 though, to real energy efficiency investments or 17 programs. Can you elaborate on that? I mean --18 MR. COLES: Yeah, yeah. So it seems to me 19 Midwest is a perfect example -- Midwest Energy. 20 When they established the revolving loan fund, 2.1 the intended structure was such that they were allowed to 22 receive their normal rate of return for that money 23 invested, which was about 8 percent. 24 Now 8 percent is too high an interest rate to 25 make energy efficiency more affordable for many low income 1 families. So -- so what they did in that case was take

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- 2 half the pool at 8 percent, and then they had an
- 3 affordable housing fund in the state legislature mix
- 4 those, so they brought the customer interest rate to
- 5 4 percent, which -- which works economically.
- But the essential idea is that you get -- you
- 7 get the same kind of rate of return for reducing energy
- 8 flow that you would otherwise get --
- 9 CHMN. MAYES: Well, I guess my point is, from a
- 10 policy standpoint, I think what you said was the
- 11 Commission should not give the company decoupling unless
- 12 we also demand that they do more energy efficiency in the
- 13 same case; correct?
- MR. COLES: Yeah.
- 15 CHMN. MAYES: Is that what you're saying?
- MR. COLES: Yeah.
- 17 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. All right. Thank you,
- 18 very much.
- 19 Any other questions?
- 20 And then we just have one more, I think. Andy
- 21 Fernandez, Mr. Fernandez?
- MR. FERNANDEZ: Yes. Hello. My name is Andy
- 23 Fernandez. I was born and raised here in Flagstaff. I
- 24 was a congress candidate here back in 2002. Actually, I
- 25 initiated a rare recycling referendum in '95, to initiate

- 1 recycling here in the city of Flagstaff.
- 2 And as of right now, we just have some serious
- 3 issues with regard -- with regard to the expenditures, and
- 4 they're being brought on by -- and they're brought on by
- 5 the greed of the almighty -- of the almighty dollar. And
- 6 it's a situation with the -- the Arizona Board of
- 7 Regents. And the tuition being increased to -- we had
- 8 eight tuition increases. We had four salary increases for
- 9 the president of -- at NAU -- all for the almighty dollar,
- 10 for the greed of the hierarchy. It's ridiculous. And
- 11 that's what's still happening.
- Well, it's happening everywhere. We have this
- 13 pyramid. It's a pyramid scheme, basically is what it is.
- The situation with Habitat For Humanity and
- 15 HUD -- they had about -- affordable housing units that
- 16 were built here seven years ago -- I'm not going to
- 17 disclose the locations -- but right there, the housing
- units in that area were assessed value at \$85,000.
- 19 Someone comes into this program, eight months later he
- 20 tells us our building -- after they're all finalized and
- 21 situated, the assessed value goes up \$65,000, all for --
- 22 for the gain of the -- the -- the hierarchy -- the few.
- 23 And it's what's wrong with the -- with our society, and we
- 24 need to get back to simplistics, back to the basics.
- And your board here, itself, it has been

- 1 increasing the increasing fees over the years, as well.
- 2 You know, you can never say no, because, well, some people
- 3 are getting greased over here.
- And I've had numerous people come and talk to
- 5 me over here and tell me when I ran for congressman and
- 6 when I ran for mayor, that they -- well, I -- you know, a
- 7 lady I know from the museum club, and she told me, Yeah, I
- 8 was paying 80 -- 80 bucks a month, and now all of a sudden
- 9 I'm paying 185 bucks a month. And I'm on a fixed income.
- 10 And I've had this offered numerous times, and
- 11 you know, it's just an unending story, and I figured time
- 12 and time again.
- And here the economic base is that the average
- 14 wage is eight bucks an hour, so you have to quantify that
- 15 with the costs of the fees, and your implementations are
- 16 not -- are not being successful, and being a very
- 17 dramatic, ineffective situation that's impacting the rest
- 18 of the society.
- And that's what we're in dire straits as it is
- 20 now -- with the automobile industry as well, we should
- 21 never be bail -- bailing out these people. We shouldn't
- 22 be bailing the housing -- the housing region, as well.
- What we need to do -- as I said, we need to
- 24 look at planning and zoning, which I addressed this issue
- 25 a few years. In fact, I just heard about the meeting here

- 1 about half an hour ago, so I didn't bring any of my
- 2 paperwork. I haven't even looked at all of this stuff.
- 3 I'm just going off of a lot of what I remember.
- And the situation is, is we need to go to
- 5 planning and zoning. And we don't allow two or three
- 6 regions at a pop land, let's go. You know, we can -- can
- 7 sell them between a thousand a pop and we all get our
- 8 12 percent. If we're doing that, we're giving them
- 9 mostly -- more than that -- more often than not -- excuse
- 10 me -- we're getting 18 to 22 percent.
- So we've got to address the issues of the
- 12 planning and zoning first, and only allow a minimal amount
- 13 of units. This is what I said back in 2001, when I was
- 14 running for congressman. I said the housing market would
- 15 probably crash. And everything I've stated has come to
- 16 be.
- 17 And it's an issue that we need to address these
- 18 serious issues now. And so we need to look at planning
- 19 and zoning. We need to have an allotment of no more than
- 20 50 units at a pop being built, and that's a -- you know,
- 21 that's a situation that we also need to look at population
- 22 increase and coming into our communities.
- And the people who have been here that, just
- 24 have moved into the communities -- are the ones that have
- 25 to build. It's ridiculous.

- 1 And these revolving funds, like I said, it's
- 2 just another pyramid scheme, just so the top two get
- 3 their -- get their little extra money so they can go to
- 4 Bermuda -- have a nice little time out -- time out over at
- 5 their -- their -- what do you call it? timeshare, in their
- 6 timeshare units.
- 7 So we need to stop conforming to society and to
- 8 the -- to the majority, because I say, well, you got --
- 9 you have a very limited middle class base now. And if we
- 10 keep on going where we're going now, we'll have less than
- 11 4 percent here in 12 years. So we need to address the
- 12 issue and get on -- get on with the ball.
- And you know, like Alan Jackson says, Thank
- 14 you.
- 15 CHMN. MAYES: Okay. Thank you. We -- that
- 16 exhausts our public comments slips.
- Do we have anybody else that would like to say
- 18 or add anything? No? Okay.
- And my colleagues, would my colleagues like to
- 20 say anything?
- 21 COM. PIERCE: Madame Chair, if I could, it was
- 22 handed to me, nine -- it looks like e-mail comments --
- 23 that I'll -- I'll hand you for the record, since they were
- 24 handed in today, and they're all about the thousand foot
- 25 line extension -- all in favor of being reinstated.

You know, this was an interesting hearing 1 2 because what we really heard was about different policies 3 of the Commission -- not so much the overall rate case, but it was policies. 4 5 And each one of the policies -- and we talked 6 about energy efficiency, renewable energy, the thousand 7 free foot, or decoupling of rates -- I started thinking about each one of those actually affects rates upwards, 8 initially, because it's a tariff to do something. 9 10 bring results later on to drive things down. 11 But the -- and as you listen to people talk 12 about it, we need to promote rates that -- that do these 13 things. And I think that that's -- and especially -- I 14 don't expect everyone in the room to understand 15 decoupling -- it took me a while to figure that out --16 which is simply to encourage efficiency, but also 17 quarantee the -- the gas company, because now we're asking 18 them to help in that efficiency, which means they're going to sell less gas, which does affect their -- their bottom 19 20 line, to be guaranteed a little more. 21 So it's -- it's a balancing act, and one that 22 not all of us, as commissioners, are sold on. 23 So we have -- it was -- it was a really good, 24 educated dialogue tonight about a lot of policy issues, and I really enjoyed it, and look forward to the rate 25

- 1 cases.
- 2 But I have to admit that coming to Flagstaff
- 3 was really -- really a good experience.
- And those of you who came from Phoenix to here,
- 5 it was much better than having a hearing in Flagstaff --
- 6 in Phoenix. And so we have those too. But this is a good
- 7 place to come and be able to sit in a nice climate and
- 8 comment on these issues.
- 9 So thank you for coming. It's been my pleasure
- 10 to be here.
- 11 CHMN. MAYES: Commissioner Kennedy?
- 12 Commissioner Stump?
- 13 COM. STUMP: Yeah. Thanks, Madame Chair.
- I would just add that this, in my mind, has
- 15 been one of the most instructive public meetings that
- 16 we've had. I've learned a lot. And I just want to
- 17 appreciate all of you for doing your civic duty and coming
- 18 out and making your views known to us here tonight.
- 19 So I appreciate that.
- 20 CHMN. MAYES: Yeah. I would echo those
- 21 thoughts.
- 22 Thank you, very much, for -- for having us here
- 23 in Flagstaff. It's a pleasure to be with you and to be
- 24 with the people that we serve every day.
- 25 And I agree with Commissioner Pierce and

- 1 Stump. This was a fascinating public comment session, and
- 2 we learned a lot and gathered together a lot of
- 3 interesting ideas, that I, you know, personally plan on
- 4 sounding out in the rate cases.
- 5 We heard a lot about energy efficiency and the
- 6 need to do more renewable energy and renew our desire that
- 7 we do more renewable energy in Arizona.
- 8 We heard a lot about the thousand foot issue,
- 9 and hopefully we can come to a more constructive
- 10 resolution on that issue.
- We heard a lot about gas rates, which have been
- 12 a terrible problem in Northern Arizona for -- ever since
- 13 I've been a commissioner.
- And I often tell the story -- and I'll tell it
- 15 really quickly. I was born in and raised in Prescott.
- 16 And my first winter, the first winter I was appointed, I
- 17 got a phone call from my mother. And she said,
- 18 "Kristin" -- and I knew I was in trouble when I heard
- 19 that -- and she had -- she had just gotten her Unisource
- 20 natural gas bill.
- 21 And Mr. Jones, she was thinking about stoking
- 22 up our wood-burner, as well, that winter, and not using
- 23 very much natural gas because of the high gas rates.
- And so the Unisource natural gas case will be
- 25 very much at the center of my activities in August, as

E-01345A-08-0172

1	well as the APS case.		
2	And I just hope, these are hard, hard issues,		
3	as we heard today. And some of them will be very		
4	contentious, and not every commissioner is going to agree		
5	with every resolution on every issue. And we're probably		
6	all going to disagree on some of the on some of these		
7	issues.		
8	But I can promise you this, you have a very		
9	hard-working commission, and a group of five commissioners		
10	who care a lot about working for you, and and		
11	representing you on energy and water issues.		
12	So thank you for letting us be here.		
13	You can provide any additional public comment		
14	that you would like by e-mailing the Corporation		
15	Commission. You can also listen to the hearings, as I		
16	said, on the Internet at www.azcc.gov, and you can, of		
17	course, call us any time.		
18	So thanks, again. And the meeting is		
19	adjourned.		
20	(Proceedings concluded at 7:44 p.m.)		
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22			
23			
24			
25			

8/3/2009 SOM Flagstaff Public Comment

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1	STATE OF ARIZONA)
2) ss. COUNTY OF MARICOPA)
3	I, KATHERINE A. McNALLY, do hereby certify that
4	the foregoing printed pages constitute a full and accurate
5	transcription of the proceedings had in the foregoing
6	matter, all done to the best of my skill and ability.
7	DATED at Phoenix, Arizona, this 6th day of
8	August, 2009.
9	Katherine A. Mc Nally
10	MATHEMINE A. MCMALLI
11	Reporter
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Information for Public Comment Meeting

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY					
Date: 08/03/09 Telephone No. 928-114-12					
Name: Stephen Brutson.					
Street Address: 2018 W. Tuddle WVd					
City: 7/aastaff State: AC Zip: 86004					
I WOULD like to speak					
I do NOT want to speak					
Comments: Will 15 705/0000000000000000000000000000000000					
Mis rate uncrease					
*****THREE MINUTES SPEAKING LIMIT****					
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ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION Information for Public Comment Meeting					
PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY					
Date: 8/3/09 Telephone No. 928-524-4102					
Name: Dusty Parsons					
Street Address: 6257 ELK HAVEN DRIVE					
Street Address: 6257 ELK HAVEN DRIVE City: SHOW LOW State: AZ Zip: 85901					
Street Address: 6257 ELK HAVEN DRIVE City: Show Low State: AZ Zip: 8590/ VIWOULD like to speak OPPOSED					
City: <u>S How Low</u> State: <u>A7</u> Zip: <u>85901</u>					
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City: Show low State: AZ Zip: 85901 VIWOULD like to speak OPPOSED					

*****THREE MINUTES SPEAKING LIMIT*****

Information for Public Comment Meeting

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

Date: 28/3/09	Telephone No. 602 4637/46
Name: Mike Willie	
Street Address: 7835 W.	Camino
City: Phoenix Sta	ate: A2 Zip: 85383
I <u>WOULD</u> like to speak	OPPOSED
I do <u>NOT</u> want to speak	☐ <u>IN FAVOR</u>
Comments:	
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	PRATION COMMISSION
	ublic Comment Meeting RINT CLEARLY
	Telephone No. <u>928-336-303</u> 5
Name: Joel Lawso4	
Street Address: P-O - BOX 36	
City: SNOW Flake State	
I WOULD like to speak	OPPOSED
☐ I do <u>NOT</u> want to speak	🔀 <u>in favor</u>
Comments: <u>Power</u> Extension	04

*****THREE MINUTES SPEAKING LIMIT****

APS

ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

Information for Public Comment Meeting

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

Date: 8-3-07 Telephone No. 602 463 075 6
Name: TOUD WYLLIR
Street Address: 2225 W. GIBBONS
City: NEW RIVE State: AZ Zip: 8508)
I <u>WOULD</u> like to speak
☐ I do <u>NOT</u> want to speak ☐ <u>IN FAVOR</u>
Comments: Schroute 3
****THREE MINUTES SPEAKING LIMIT****
ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION Information for Public Comment Meeting
PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY
Date: $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\circ 9}$ Telephone No. $\frac{\sqrt{528}}{52}$ $\frac{\sqrt{52}}{52}$
Name: ISLO
Street Address: 2645 . E. MATTHORN
City: LAGSTAFF State A.Z Zip: 85004
I WOULD like to speak
☐ I do NOT want to speak ☐ IN FAVOR
Comments:
: 발생님은 사람들이 되었다. 그는 사람들이 되었다.
전 기계 시간 수 있는 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것이다. 그런 그는 그 전에 가는 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것 같은 것이다. 15 전에 대한 기계를 가게 되었습니다. 15 전에 대한 경험 보는 것 같은 것이다.

*****THREE MINUTES SPEAKING LIMIT*****

Information for Public Comment Meeting

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Date: 8/3/06 Telephone No
Name: Lucinoa Arpana,
Name: Luciwaa Araam, ' Street Address: 3505 & RAINIEN COP
City: KM State: M Zip: 86004
I WOULD like to speak
☐ I do <u>NOT</u> want to speak
Comments:
*****THREE MINUTES SPEAKING LIMIT*****
ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION Information for Public Comment Meeting
PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY
Date: 1/3/09 Telephone No. 928-679-7456
Name: MIQUELLE SCHETER
Street Address: 2625 NORTH KING STREET
City: FLAGSTAFF State: AZ. zip: S6004
I WOULD like to speak
☐ I do <u>NOT</u> want to speak ☐ <u>IN FAVOR</u>
Comments: Lacovino County Community Services Low-income indeviduals & familie
Low-income indeviduals & families
****THREE MINUTES SPEAKING LIMIT****

Information for Public Comment Meeting

PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY

<i>-</i>	Telephone No. 526-1679		
ame: CRANDALL	JONES		
treet Address: 4530 E.	Red Fox La		
ity: FLAG St	rate: A2 zip: 86004		
I <u>WOULD</u> like to speak	OPPOSED		
I do NOT want to speak	IN FAVOR		
omments:			
****THREE MINU	JTES SPEAKING LIMIT****		
ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION Information for Public Comment Meeting			
PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY			
	Telephone No. 527-836		
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16/2 V M	tate: A2 7in: \$6004		
lity: 1 (991)4 17 S	tate: (1-2 Zip: 00007		
	\square ODDOCED		
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	reet Address: 4530 E. ity: FLAG St I WOULD like to speak I do NOT want to speak omments: ****THREE MINU ARIZONA CORP Information for PLEASE I Pate: F/3/19 Iame: Tom Broderica treet Address:		

Information for Public Comment Meeting

PLEAS	E PRINT CLEAR	LY
Date: 5-03-07	Telephone No	699-2849
Name: Rom Coles	·	
Street Address:		
City: Flas & fa ff	State: 12	Zip: 56004
I WOULD like to speak	OPPO	OSED
I do NOT want to speak	IN FA	AVOR
Comments:		
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Information	FRORATION COMN for Public Comment M FOR Public Comment M FOR PRINT CLEARI Telephone No.	eeting $oldsymbol{L} oldsymbol{Y}$
Name: ANDY FUNI	ANDEZ	
Street Address: 2602 Nr		
City: FLASSHAFF	State: # 1/20N	1 zip: 8/0014
1 WOULD like to speak	<u> </u>	<u>PSED</u>
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to the people w	ho have res.	ided in this
COMMUNITY FOR .	the Lase 3	& to go years.
		MIT***** 1 Foot the Bill.

Greg Brimhall [gregbrimhall@hotmail.com] From:

Sent: Wednesday, July 29, 2009 10:53 PM

wmar@frontiernet.net

Subject: Letter concerning utility extension fee.

To whom it may concern,

I am responding to the fees that utility companies are charging the customers and am so glad that something is finally being done to try and correct this huge mistake. I do understand that costs of installition have gone up over the years, but I am also aware of the money generated my customers using the services. I feel it is unfare for the utility companys to double and sometimes even tripple dip off of customers. It has dramatically slowed down the building in my area of the Snowflake/Taylor. We recently gave APS a check for \$59,000 for power in a subdivision with no chance of ever being reimbursed for putting in their power. They make money from the developer during construction and then the consumer to hook up and then also for the usage. In my opnion, the developer is doing the utility companys a huge favor. I feel that it should be a joint effort if services are provided. The end users will pay for whatever the cost to install over time. I live in Snowflake, AZ at 2442 W. Lake Rd, and am so glad that something is finally being done for the people. Sincerely,

Greg Brimhall

NEW mobile Hotmail. Optimized for YOUR phone. Click here.

My Comment:

1,000 feet of utility extension to a parcel of land can be the deciding factor for a buyer to buy or pass on that parcel. It helps the continuation of development of land not currently serviced and the potential end user that may be several miles away from service that can not afford to pay for that distance by themselves. It is a win-win for both the buyer and APS, as it will increase usage and profits for the utility company.

Marce Wildman 6729 Circle C Lane Show Low Arizona 85901

From: kelly oby [kellyoby@yahoo.com]

Sent: Friday, July 31, 2009 5:16 PM

b: wmar@frontiernet.net

Subject: Utility comment

To whom it may concern:

My name is Kelly Oby I am the Broker/Owner of Vernon Realty, Director At Large for the WMAR and Chairman of the Government Affairs Committee.

I have sold thousands of acres that are just out of reach for the folks that purchased. At \$10 a foot it makes it just too expensive to have the power brought to your property. I live off the grid and would love to have power. I believe that if the utility companies could have it their way the would charge \$20 a foot. We the people need some help with this expense.

Please give us back our 1000 feet.

Kelly Oby P.O. Box 644 Vernon AZ, 85940 928-386-5392 www.vernonrealty.biz

From: Connie Snyder [tiasnyder@frontiernet.net]

Sent: Wednesday, July 29, 2009 4:07 PM

o: WMAR

Subject: Attn; Debbie

To Whom It May Concern;

As a realtor in the White Mountains I work for potential property owners and feel it is my job to look out for their best interests. Please don't continue to penalize property owners by taking away the 1,000 foot power line hook-up that was free previously. Not rescinding this could potentially harm the power companies as people do not hook up to the power because it is cost prohibitive. We all know the power companies will make up the free line in the long run.

tiasnyder@frontiernet.net
Connie Snyder, Realtor
Sunset Ridge Real Estate a participant
of Cabela's Trophy Properties.
928-735-7316 Home office
928-245-2872 Cell
928-268-7677 E-fax
www.SunsetRidgeRealEstate.com

www.SunsetRidgeRealEstate.com www.CabelasTrophyProperties.com

7 ACR 1031 Box 9 er, Arizona 85927

b:

Dustin Sanders [dustinhsanders@yahoo.com] From:

Sent: Wednesday, July 29, 2009 4:22 PM

wmar@frontiernet.net

Subject: ACC Public Meeting-Comments

To Whom It May Concern,

Please add me to the list of people requesting that the Arizona Corporation Commission rescind APS Service Schedule 3, Revision No. 10, which allows increased costs in acquiring access to the electric grid to many new customers. This ruling has been detrimental to the values of many vacant parcels of land in our area of the state. I understand the original intention of the ACC, but it has become obvious to me, as a Realtor, that the utility providers are missing out on many potential new customers due to this ruling.

Thank you for your time.

Dustin Sanders

650 S. School Bus Rd.

Eagar, AZ 85925

b:

Linda Bohn [lindabohn@realtyxonline.com] From:

Wednesday, July 29, 2009 3:46 PM Sent: wmar@frontiernet.net

Subject: elctrical service for new customers

Yes, I believe the new electrical customers are grateful and should have 1000 ft at no cost. It builds a good customer service base. I hope that offer is reinstated.

Linda Bohn **Realty Executives White Mountains** 2262 Woodland Hills Lane Pinetop AZ 85935

From:

Debra Housel [myarizonarealtor@hotmail.com]

Sent:

Wednesday, July 29, 2009 4:24 PM

wmar@frontiernet.net

Subject: ACC

July 29, 2009

As a Realtor in a difficult market, I am 100% in favor of the acc resending the change in policy. With the power company not providing some footage for potential customers, makes land ownership a very difficult challenge for many of our buyers and neighbors; and in many cases places the cost of ownership out of reach for the majority.

I sincerely feel that this change would be beneficial for the community of the White Mountains as a whole. Please know that you have our full support.

Sincerely,

Mrs. Debra Housel 2225 W. Despain Avenue Snowflake, Az 85937 928 386-1138



mobile Hotmail. Optimized for YOUR phone. Click here.

From:

Shary Kopp [mcintees@hotmail.com]

Sent:

Wednesday, July 29, 2009 4:54 PM

Aem.

wmar@frontiernet.net

Subject:

RE: ACC Public Meeting, Solicit Comments

Importance: High

I Sharon P. Kopp, Realtor for Red, White & Blue Realty in Lakeside, Arizona, believe that ALL of APS Schedule 3 should be rescinded, especially the no-cost 1000 feet extension to residential clients.

If the topic comes up, I would like to see the new practice on completely non-refundable developer costs for bringing power into a new subdivision rescinded as well. This is something that I have been fighting w/ APS & the ACC for over a year now. Navopache doesn't have this practice, but you can't put Navopache in your subdivision if it falls into APS zones.

Sharon P. Kopp - Red, White & Blue Realty 928,368,7668

3340 Country Club Show Low, AZ 85901

Mailing address: PO Box 2093 Show Low, AZ 85902

From: wmar@frontiernet.net wmar@frontiernet.net

Subject: ACC Public Meeting, Solicit Comments

Date: Wed, 29 Jul 2009 15:38:33 -0700

The White Mountain Association of REALTORS® is soliciting your comments on the issue of permitting electric utility providers to extend service lines up to 1,000 feet for new customers at no cost. WMAR's desire is to show a solid front regarding this issue and request the ACC rescind this ruling and return to the practice of providing courtesy electric service lines to new accounts up to 1,000 feet. This request for written comments is in conjunction with the Arizona Corporation Commission's Regional Public Hearings, regarding the APS Service Schedule 3, Revision No. 10, which allows increased costs in acquiring access to the electric grid to many new customers, from thousands to tens of thousands of dollars. WMAR's President Elect, Joel Lawson, will attend and give testimony at the Public Hearing in Flagstaff on August 3, 2009 at 6:00 PM.

Attached is the ACC's Public Hearing Notice, along with a letter from Tom Farley, CEO of AAR, to the ACC. All emails submitted by Noon on August 3 will be delivered to Joel Lawson for submission to the ACC. When submitting your comments, be sure to include your name and residential address. Please email to wmar.governet.net."

Carol Weston, GRI Coldwell Banker Residential Brokerage 928-587-3779 (cell) 1-888-496-3683 (toll free) 928-535-3656 (office)

Please allow the this utility to be reinstated to work like it use to. New account to $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) =\left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) =\left(1$

Carol Weston 1977 Christmas Pine Dr. Overgaard, Az. 85933